FOXSEMICON INTERGRATED TECHNOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDIT REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (STOCK CODE: 3413)

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

FOXSEMICON INTERGRATED TECHNOLOGY INC. FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Assestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2023 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's 2023 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

Sales revenue cut-off

Description

Please refer to Note 4(31) for accounting policy on revenue recognition, Note 5(1) for critical judgement on revenue recognition, and Note 6(19) for details of revenue. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the balance of revenue amounted to NT\$13,051,357 thousand.

Among the Group's transaction types, warehouse sales revenue is recognized when customers accept the goods (when control of the product is transferred). Since all of the Group's warehouses are located in the United States or Singapore, the controls of those are more difficult than the direct shipment. Therefore, sale revenue is recognized based on the report provided by warehouse custodians. The process of revenue recognition contains numerous manual procedures, and it would potentially result in inaccurate timing of revenue recognition and the discrepancy between physical inventory quantities in the warehouses and quantities in accounting records. Since there are numerous daily revenue from warehouses and the transaction amounts prior to and after the balance sheet date are significant to the financial statements, cut-off of sales revenue from distribution warehouse has been identified as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures in respect of the above key audit matter:

- 1. Assessed and tested the appropriateness of internal controls over the cut-off of hub sales revenue for a specific period prior to and after the balance sheet date, and performing cut-off testing, including agreeing to respective supporting documents provided by hub custodians, and validated the proper timing of recognizing movements of inventories and respective transfer of cost of goods sold.
- 2. Confirmed the inventory quantities with warehouse custodians and agreed the results to accounting records.

Evaluation of inventories

Description

Please refer to Note 4(14) for description of accounting policy on inventory valuation, Note 5(2) for accounting estimates and assumption uncertainty in relation to inventory valuation, and Note 6(5) for details of inventories. As of December 31, 2023, the balances of inventories and allowance for valuation loss on inventories amounted to NT\$2,708,768 thousand and NT\$88,639 thousand respectively.

The Group is primarily engaged in manufacture and sales of semiconductors and automation equipment and components. As technology changes rapidly, the life cycles of electronic products are short, prices are easily influenced by fluctuation in market price, there is higher risk of incurring inventory valuation losses or obsolescence. The Group measures inventories sold at the lower of cost and net realizable value. For inventories that are over a certain age and individually identified obsolete or ruined inventory, losses are recognized at net realizable value.

The Group's allowance for inventory valuation losses mainly arises from individually identified obsolete or ruined inventory, and since the value of inventories is significant, inventory types are various, the individual identification of inventory usually involves human judgement and the valuation contains uncertainty. Thus, we identified the valuation of allowance for valuation loss on inventories as one of key audit matters. How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures in respect of the above key audit matter:

- 1. Ascertained whether the policies and procedures on allowance for inventory valuation losses were reasonable and consistently applied in all the periods.
- 2. Verified the appropriateness of the system logic in calculating the ageing of inventories, and confirmed the information in the reports is consistent with the relevant policies.
- 3. Assessed the reasonableness of separately identified obsolete and damaged inventories and verified against information obtained during the stock count.
- 4. For net realizable value of inventories over normal age and those individually identified obsolete and damaged inventory, we discussed with the management, obtained supporting documents and reviewed the calculation of inventory loss.

Other matter – Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion on the parent company only financial statements of Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc. as at and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Hsu, Sheng-Chung Wu, Jen-Chieh For and on Behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan Feburary 29, 2024

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

			 December 31, 2023	 December 31, 2022		
	Assets	Notes	 AMOUNT	%	 AMOUNT	%
	Current assets					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 6,956,133	36	\$ 8,543,988	43
1136	Current financial assets at amortized	6(1)				
	cost		3,627,151	19	1,268,520	7
1170	Accounts receivable	6(4) and 7	782,640	4	977,844	5
1200	Other receivables	7	121,882	1	10,624	-
130X	Inventory	6(5)	2,620,129	13	3,807,053	19
1410	Prepayments		 216,603	1	 198,677	1
11XX	Total current assets		 14,324,538	74	 14,806,706	75
	Non-current assets					
1510	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(2)				
	value through profit or loss		27,550	-	232,097	1
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(3)				
	value through other comprehensive					
	income		292,437	1	194,076	1
1550	Investments accounted for using					
	equity method		96,705	-	76,383	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(6) and 8	3,780,898	20	3,540,849	18
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(7) and 7	318,207	2	294,244	2
1760	Investment property	6(8)	28,913	-	35,874	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(24)	9,516	-	9,956	-
1900	Other non-current assets	6(1) and 8	 490,959	3	 500,007	3
15XX	Total non-current assets		 5,045,185	26	 4,883,486	25
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 19,369,723	100	\$ 19,690,192	100
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FOXSEMICON INTERGRATED TECHNOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022</u>

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

(Continued)

FOXSEMICON INTERGRATED TECHNOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022</u>

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Labilities and Equity Notes AMOUNT % AMOUNT % Current liabilities 6(9) \$ 35,000 - \$ 417,640 2 2100 Short-term leans 6(9) \$ 35,000 - \$ 417,640 2 2120 Current function through profile to loss - - 1,336 - 2130 Current contract liabilities 303,282 2 15,935 - 2130 Current liabilities 6(10) 1,464,168 8 1,831,429 10 2230 Current liabilities 7 47,235 - 32,782 - 2320 Current liabilities 6(10) 39,353 2 596,891 3 2310 Bonds payable 6(13) 1,865,038 0 - - 230 Bonds payable 6(13) 1,865,038 0 - - 230 Bonds payable 6(13) 1,865,038 0 - - 230 Bonds payable					December 31, 2023			December 31, 2022		
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3140Advance receipts for share capital Capital surplus $2,286$ $ 2,588$ $-$ 3200Capital surplus $6(17)$ $4,051,311$ 21 $3,939,329$ 20 3200Retained earnings $6(18)$ $ 3,939,329$ 20 3310Legal reserve $943,255$ 5 $713,397$ 4 3320 Special reserve $943,255$ 5 $713,397$ 4 3320 Special reserve $6,336$ $ 6,336$ $ 3350$ Unappropriated retained earnings $5,586,669$ 29 $5,166,593$ 26 Other equity interest $40,276$ $ 34,993$ $ 3400$ Other equity interest $40,276$ $ 34,993$ $ 31X$ Equity attributable to owners of the parent $11,602,240$ 60 $10,831,157$ 55 $36XX$ Non-controlling interests $ 3XXX$ Total equity 9 $11,602,240$ 60 $10,831,157$ 55 Significant Contingent Liabilities and 9 $11,602,240$ 60 $10,831,157$ 55 Significant Events after the Balance 11 $5heet$ Date 11 $5heet$ Date 11	3130				246					
Capital surplus 6(17) 3200 Capital surplus Retained earnings 6(18) 3310 Legal reserve 943,255 5 713,397 4 3320 Special reserve 6,336 - 6,336 - 3350 Unappropriated retained earnings 5,586,669 29 5,166,593 26 Other equity interest 40,276 - 34,993 - 31XX Equity attributable to owners of - - - - 36XX Non-controlling interests - <t< td=""><td>2140</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>	2140					-		-	-	
3200 Capital surplus 4,051,311 21 3,939,329 20 Retained earnings 6(18) 3310 Legal reserve 943,255 5 713,397 4 3320 Special reserve 6,336 - 6,336 - 3350 Unappropriated retained earnings 5,586,669 29 5,166,593 26 Other equity interest 40,276 - 34,993 - 31XX Equity attributable to owners of 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 36XX Non-controlling interests - - - - 3XXX Total equity 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 Significant Contingent Liabilities and 9 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 Significant Events after the Balance 11 5 5 5 5 Significant Events after the Balance 11 5 5 5 5	3140		(17)		2,286	-		2,588	-	
Retained earnings 6(18) 3310 Legal reserve 3320 Special reserve 3320 Special reserve 3350 Unappropriated retained earnings 00 Other equity interest 3400 Other equity interest 3400 Other equity interest 3400 Other equity interest 3400 Special reserve 3400 Other equity interest 3400 Other equity interest 3400 Other equity interest 3400 The parent 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 36XX Non-controlling interests 3XXX Total equity Significant Contingent Liabilities and 9 Unrecognized Contract Commitments Significant Events after the Balance Significant Events after the Balance 11 Sheet Date 11	2200		6(17)		4 051 211	01		2 020 220	20	
3310 Legal reserve 943,255 5 713,397 4 3320 Special reserve 6,336 - 6,336 - 3350 Unappropriated retained earnings 5,586,669 29 5,166,593 26 Other equity interest 40,276 - 34,993 - 31XX Equity attributable to owners of 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 36XX Non-controlling interests - - - - 3XXX Total equity 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 Significant Contingent Liabilities and 9 9 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 Significant Events after the Balance 11 Sheet Date 11 55 55	3200		((10)		4,051,511	21		5,959,529	20	
3320 Special reserve 6,336 - 6,336 - 3350 Unappropriated retained earnings 5,586,669 29 5,166,593 26 Other equity interest 40,276 - 34,993 - 31XX Equity attributable to owners of 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 36XX Non-controlling interests - - - - 3XXX Total equity 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 Significant Contingent Liabilities and 9 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 Significant Events after the Balance 11 Sheet Date 11 55 55	2210	-	6(18)		0.42 255	c.		71.2 207	4	
3350 Unappropriated retained earnings 5,586,669 29 5,166,593 26 3400 Other equity interest 40,276 - 34,993 - 31XX Equity attributable to owners of 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 36XX Non-controlling interests - - - - - 3XXX Total equity Significant Contingent Liabilities and 9 9 Unrecognized Contract Commitments 5 Significant Events after the Balance 11 Sheet Date 11 Sheet Date 5		-				С			4	
Other equity interest 40,276 - 34,993 - 31XX Equity attributable to owners of 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 36XX Non-controlling interests - - - - 3XXX Total equity 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 3KXX Total equity 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 Significant Contingent Liabilities and 9 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 Significant Events after the Balance 11 Sheet Date 11 55		-				-			-	
3400 Other equity interest 40,276 - 34,993 - 31XX Equity attributable to owners of the parent 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 36XX Non-controlling interests - - - - - 3XXX Total equity Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognized Contract Commitments 9 9 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 Significant Events after the Balance 11 Sheet Date 11 55	3350				5,586,669	29		5,166,593	26	
31XX Equity attributable to owners of the parent 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 36XX Non-controlling interests - - - - - 3XXX Total equity 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognized Contract Commitments Significant Events after the Balance 9 11 55 Sheet Date 11 56 11 56 56	2400				10.076			24,002		
the parent36XXNon-controlling interests11,602,2406010,831,1575536XXTotal equity3XXXTotal equity11,602,2406010,831,15755Significant Contingent Liabilities and 9 Unrecognized Contract Commitments Significant Events after the Balance9Sheet Date11		* *			40,276			54,995		
36XX Non-controlling interests	31XX				11 (02 240	(0)		10 001 157	~ ~	
3XXX Total equity 11,602,240 60 10,831,157 55 Significant Contingent Liabilities and 9 9 0<	0.0000	-			11,602,240	60		10,831,157		
Significant Contingent Liabilities and 9 Unrecognized Contract Commitments 9 Significant Events after the Balance 11 Sheet Date 11		_			-	-		-	-	
Unrecognized Contract Commitments Significant Events after the Balance 11 Sheet Date	3XXX				11,602,240	60		10,831,157	55	
Significant Events after the Balance 11 Sheet Date			9							
Sheet Date										
		-	11							
$3X2X$ lotal habilities and equity $\frac{19,369,723}{100}$ $\frac{100}{100}$ $\frac{19,690,192}{100}$	23/23/			<i>.</i>	10 0/0 700	100	¢	10 (00 100	100	
	3λ2Χ	iotal hadilities and equity		\$	19,309,723	100	\$	19,690,192	100	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

FOXSEMICON INTERGRATED TECHNOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earning per share amounts)

		Year ended December 31									
			2023		2022						
Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%					
Operating revenue	6(19) and 7	\$	13,051,357	100 \$	14,843,221	100					
Operating costs	6(5)	(9,636,790)(74)(10,399,687)(70)					
Gross profit from operations			3,414,567	26	4,443,534	30					
Operating expenses	6(22)										
Selling expenses		(368,097)(3)(438,636) (3)					
Administrative expenses		(510,639)(4)(505,059)(3)					
Research and development											
expenses		(508,787)(4)(547,100)(4)					
Impairment gain (loss)	12(2)		2,989	- (1,679)	_					
Total operating expenses		(1,384,534)(11)(1,492,474)(10)					
Net operating income			2,030,033	15	2,951,060	20					
Non-operating income and											
expenses											
Interest income			239,953	2	87,779	-					
Other income	6(20)		161,015	1	90,103	1					
Other gains and losses	6(21)		131,791	1 (191,997)(1)					
Finance costs		(41,535)	- (39,577)	-					
Share of loss of associates and											
joint ventures accounted for											
using equity method		(8,828)	- (6,666)	_					
Total non-operating revenue											
and expenses			482,396	4 (60,358)	-					
Profit (loss) before income tax			2,512,429	19	2,890,702	20					
Income tax expense	6(24)	(521,961)(4)(546,339)(4)					
Profit for the period		\$	1,990,468	15 \$	2,344,363	16					
	Operating revenueOperating costsGross profit from operationsOperating expensesSelling expensesAdministrative expensesAdministrative expensesResearch and developmentexpensesImpairment gain (loss)Total operating expensesNon-operating incomeNon-operating income andexpensesInterest incomeOther incomeOther gains and lossesFinance costsShare of loss of associates andjoint ventures accounted forusing equity methodTotal non-operating revenueand expensesIncome tax expense	Operating revenue6(19) and 7Operating costs6(5)Gross profit from operations6(2)Selling expenses6(22)Selling expenses7Administrative expenses7Research and development7expenses12(2)Total operating expenses12(2)Total operating expenses7Not-operating income7Not-operating income and6(20)Other income6(20)Other gains and losses6(21)Finance costs6(21)Share of loss of associates and7joint ventures accounted for10using equity method10Total non-operating revenueand expensesIncome tax expense6(24)	Operating revenue6(19) and 7\$Operating costs6(5)(Items Notes AMOUNT Operating revenue 6(19) and 7 \$ 13,051,357 Operating costs 6(5) 9,636,790) (Gross profit from operations 3,414,567 Operating expenses 6(22) Selling expenses 6(22) Selling expenses (Administrative expenses (Research and development	Items Notes AMOUNT $\frac{9}{6}$ Operating revenue $6(19)$ and 7 \$ 13,051,357 100 \$ Operating costs $6(5)$ $9,636,790$) (74) (Items Notes AMOUNT $\frac{9}{6}$ AMOUNT Operating revenue 6(19) and 7 \$ 13,051,357 100 \$ 14,843,221 Operating costs 6(5) $(9,636,790)$ (74) $(10,399,687)$ Gross profit from operations $3,414,567$ 26 $4,443,534$ Operating expenses $6(22)$ $368,097)$ $3)$ $438,636)$ Selling expenses $(510,639)$ $4)$ $505,059)$ Research and development expenses $(508,787)$ $4)$ $547,100)$ (110) $1.492,474)$ Impairment gain (loss) $12(2)$ $2,989$ $(1.384,534)$ (11) $(1.492,474)$ Not operating income $2,030,033$ 15 $2.951,060$ Non-operating income and expenses (11) $(1.492,474)$ (11) $(1.492,474)$ $(1.492,474)$ Net operating income and $239,953$ 2 $87,779$ 0 ther income $6(20)$ $161,015$ 1 $90,103$ Other gains and losses $6(21)$ $131,791$					

(Continued)

FOXSEMICON INTERGRATED TECHNOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earning per share amounts)

			Year ended December 31								
		_		2023		2022					
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%			
	Components of other										
	comprehensive income that will										
	not be reclassified to profit or										
	loss										
8311	Remeasurement of defined	6(12)									
	benefit plan		(\$	925)	-	\$	8,356	-			
8316	Unrealized gain on valuation of	6(3)									
	financial assets at fair value										
	through the comprehensive			78,482	1	(95,549)(<u> </u>			
8310	Components of other										
	comprehensive income that										
	will not be reclassified to profit										
	or loss			77,557	1	(87,193) (<u> </u>			
	Components of other										
	comprehensive income that will										
	not be reclassified to profit or										
	loss										
8361	Financial statements translation										
	difference of foreign operations		(71,890)((1)		73,589	1			
8370	Share of other comprehensive										
	(loss) income of associates and										
	joint ventures accounted for										
	using equity method		(1,309)			989				
8360	Other comprehensive loss that										
	will be reclassified to profit or										
	loss		(73,199)	()		74,578	1			
8300	Other comprehensive income for										
	the year		\$	4,358		(<u></u>	12,615)	-			
8500	Total comprehensive income for										
	the year		\$	1,994,826	15	\$	2,331,748	16			
	Profit attributable to:										
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	1,990,468	15	\$	2,319,754	16			
8620	Non controlling interest						24,609	_			
			\$	1,990,468	15	\$	2,344,363	16			
	Total comprehensive income										
	attributable to:										
8710	Owners of the parent		\$	1,994,826	15	\$	2,307,139	16			
8720	Non controlling interest					_	24,609				
			\$	1,994,826	15	\$	2,331,748	16			
	Earnings per share (in dollars)	6(25)									
9750	Basic earnings per share		\$		20.48	\$		24.64			
9850	Diluted earnings per share		\$		18.22	\$		21.96			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

FOXSEMICON INTERGRATED TECHNOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

						Equity attributable to owners of the parent							
		Capital							Other equ	uity interest			
	Notes	Common stock	Certificate of entitlement to new shares from convertible bond	Advance receipts for share capital	Total capital surplus, additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Total Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
2022													
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 878,008	\$ -	\$ 1,056	\$ 2,093,841	\$ 558,372	\$ 6,336	\$ 3,863,061	(\$ 59,831)	\$ 115,795	\$ 7,456,638	\$ 67,251	\$ 7,523,889
Profit for the year				-	-			2,319,754			2,319,754	24,609	2,344,363
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	8,356	74,578	(95,549)	(12,615)	-	(12,615)
Total comprehensive income				-	-	-	-	2,328,110	74,578	(95,549)	2,307,139	24,609	2,331,748
Appropriations of 2021 earnings	6(18)												
Legal reserve		-	-	-	-	155,025	-	(155,025)		-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	-	-	(840,021)	-	-	(840,021)	-	(840,021)
Inssuance of shares		81,172	-	-	1,625,238	-	-	-	-	-	1,706,410	-	1,706,410
Conversion of convertible bonds	6(17)	3,769	-	-	64,847	-	-	-	-	-	68,616	-	68,616
Executive employee stock options	6(17)	4,972	-	1,532	86,947	-	-	-	-	-	93,451	-	93,451
Change in non controlling interest		-	-	-	696	-	-	(29,532)	-	-	(28,836)	(92,612)	(121,448)
Share-based payment	6(16)(17)				67,760						67,760	752	68,512
Balance at December 31, 2022		\$ 967,921	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,588	\$ 3,939,329	\$ 713,397	\$ 6,336	\$ 5,166,593	\$ 14,747	\$ 20,246	\$ 10,831,157	<u>\$</u>	\$ 10,831,157
<u>2023</u>													
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$ 967,921	\$ -	\$ 2,588	\$ 3,939,329	\$ 713,397	\$ 6,336	\$ 5,166,593	\$ 14,747	\$ 20,246	\$ 10,831,157	\$ -	\$ 10,831,157
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,990,468	-	-	1,990,468	-	1,990,468
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year								(925)	(73,199)	78,482	4,358		4,358
Total comprehensive income							-	1,989,543	(73,199)	78,482	1,994,826		1,994,826
Appropriations of 2022 earnings	6(18)												
Legal reserve		-	-	-	-	229,858	-	(229,858)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,339,609)	-	-	(1,339,609)	-	(1,339,609)
Conversion of convertible bonds	6(17)	6	246	-	3,853	-	-	-	-	-	4,105	-	4,105
Executive employee stock options	6(17)	3,934	-	(302)	39,814	-	-	-	-	-	43,446	-	43,446
Share-based payment	6(16)(17)		-		68,086	-		-	-	-	68,086	-	68,086
Change in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	6(17)		<u> </u>		229						229		229
Balance at December 31, 2023		\$ 971,861	\$ 246	\$ 2,286	\$ 4,051,311	\$ 943,255	\$ 6,336	\$ 5,586,669	(\$ 58,452)	\$ 98,728	\$ 11,602,240	\$-	\$ 11,602,240

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

FOXSEMICON INTERGRATED TECHNOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in the yeards of New Teiron dellars)

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Year ended December 31			
	Notes		2023		2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit before tax		\$	2,512,429	\$	2,890,702
Adjustments		Ψ	2, 512, 72)	Ψ	2,000,102
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Depreciation expense (including investment	6(8)(22)				
property and right-of-use assets)	0(0)(==)		399,683		301,206
Amortization expense	6(22)		10,199		12,478
Gain on reversal of payable		(3,880)	(2,617)
Share-based payments	6(16)	X X	68,086	×	68,512
Additional provision recognized	6(11)		38,784		28,073
Share of loss of associates and joint ventures	、 ,		,		,
accounted for using equity method			8,828		6,666
Expected credit (gains) losses recognized	12(2)	(2,989)		1,679
(Gain) Loss on financial assets at fair value	6(21)	,	, , , , ,		, .
through profit or less	X <i>Y</i>	(175,518)		69,611
Loss on disposal of property, plant and	6(21)		, ,		,
equipment	· · ·		3,109		1,680
Interest income		(239,953)	(87,779)
Interest expense			41,535		39,577
Dividend income		(4,023)	(8,499)
Realized profit of deferred income		(62,927)	(2,894)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Changes in operating assets					
Financial assets and liabilities at fair value					
through profit or loss, mandatorily			411	(351)
Accounts receivable net			172,110		708,115
Accounts receivable related parties			-		181,946
Other receivable		(2,437)	(3,559)
Inventories			1,150,890	(912,892)
Prepayment		(20,889)	(39,314)
Changes in operating liabilities					
Accounts payable		(486,783)	(775,061)
Other payable		(412,015)		846,711
Contract liabilities			323,347	(29,064)
Other current liabilities		(21,198)	(9,236)
Defined benefit plans asset/Accrued pension					
liabilities			853	()	837)
Cash inflow generated from operations			3,297,652		3,284,853
Income taxes paid		()	656,353)	()	426,266)
Net cash flows from operating activities			2,641,299		2,858,587

(Continued)

FOXSEMICON INTERGRATED TECHNOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS</u> <u>YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022</u>

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Year ended December 31			
	Notes		2023		2022
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Financial assets at amortized cost		(\$	2,358,631)	\$	292,120
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through	12(3)	ζ Ŧ	_,,,	*	
profit or loss		(14,404)	(6,843)
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through			, ,		, ,
profit or loss			256,545		-
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through					
other comprehensive income			-	(49,170)
Acquisition of Investments accounted for using					
equity method		(30,230)	(82,060)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(27)	(544,808)	(2,114,229)
Dividends received			4,023		8,499
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and					
equipment			375		163
Interest received			239,953		87,779
Increase in other non-current assets		(73,935)	(529)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(2,521,112)	(1,864,270)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Interest paid		(21,233)	(19,464)
Inssuance of common stock	6(15)		-		1,706,410
Increase in short-term loans	6(28)		923,540		193,341
Decrease in short-term loans	6(28)	(1,305,172)		-
Payments of lease liabilities	6(28)	(46,816)	(28,961)
Acquisition of supplemental loan			-		419,016
Repayments of supplemental loan		(44,150)	(71,359)
Proceeds from long-term debt	6(28)		141,208		1,112,146
Repayments of long-term debt		(30,932)		-
Payment of cash dividends	6(18)	(1,339,609)	(840,021)
Change for non controlling interest	6(27)		-	(121,448)
Executive employee stock options			43,446		93,451
Net cash flows (used in) from financing					
activities		(1,679,718)		2,443,111
Effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates					
on cash		(28,324)		38,583
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(1,587,855)		3,476,011
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			8,543,988		5,067,977
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	6,956,133	\$	8,543,988

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

FOXSEMICON INTERGRATED TECHNOLOGY INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. History and Organization

- (1) Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated as company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) on April 26, 2001, and in accordance with the "Act for Establishment and Administration of Science Parks", the investment in the science park was approved in April 2003. The company was listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (the "TSEC") in July 28, 2015.
- (2) The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in research, development, design, manufacturing and sales of subsystems and system integration of semiconductor equipment, subsystems and system integration of TFT-LCD, nano equipment, LED lighting, LED display product and other application product, photoelectric, communication wafer materials and medical devices.
- <u>The Date of Authorization for Issuance of the Financial Statements and Procedures for Authorization</u> These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on February 29, 2024.
- 3. Application of New Standards, Amendments and Interpretations
 - (1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS®") Accounting Standards that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC and became effective from 2023 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities	January 1, 2023
arising from a single transaction'	
Amendments to IAS 12, 'International tax reform - pillar two model rules'	May 23, 2023

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC and will become effective from 2024 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non- current'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current Liabilities with Covenants'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7, 'Supplier finance arrangements'	January 1, 2024

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(3) IFRS Accounting Standards issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – comparative information'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 21, 'Lack of exchangeability'	January 1, 2025
The shows standards and intermediations have no significant impact to th	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. Summary of Material Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements are the first consolidated financial statements prepared by the Group in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC[®] Interpretations, and SIC[®] Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs").

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss and financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Defined benefit liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and Unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.

(e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

			Owner	ship(%)	
Name of	Name of	Main business	December	December	_
investor	subsidiary	activities	31, 2023	31, 2022	Remark
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	FOXSEMICON INTEGRATED TECHNOLOGY INC. (SAMOA)	Holding company of overseas reinvestment business	100	100	
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	FOXSEMICON LLC. (LLC)	A company engaged in import and export freight forwarding business	100	100	
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	FOX AUTOMATION TECHNOLOGY INC.	Manufacture of machinery, equipment and electronic components	100	100	(2)
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Frontier Integrated Global Solutions, Inc.	Manufacture of machinery, equipment and electronic components	100	100	
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Kainova Technology Inc.	Manufacture of machinery, equipment and electronic components	100	100	
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	FOXSEMICON INNOVATIONS HOLDING INC.	Holding company of overseas reinvestment business	100	100	
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	UNIEQ TECHNOLOGY PTE.LTD	Holding company of overseas reinvestment business	100	-	(3)
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	UniEQ Integrated Technology CO., Ltd.	Manufacture of machinery, equipment and electronic components	100	-	(4)
FOXSEMICON INNOVATIONS HOLDING INC.	FOXSEMICON TECHNOLOGY, LLC	Research and development and manufacture of machinery, equipment and	100	100	

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Ownership(%)				
Name of	Name of	Main business	December	December	_		
investor	subsidiary	activities	31, 2023	31, 2022	Remark		
Kainova Technology Inc.	Kaivaco Technology Nanjing Inc.	Manufacture of machinery, equipment and electronic components	100	100	(5)		
FOXSEMICON INTEGRATED TECHNOLOGY INC.	MINDTECH CORPPORATION (MINDTECH)	Holding company of overseas reinvestment business	100	100			
FOXSEMICON INTEGRATED TECHNOLOGY INC.	SUCCESS PRAISE CORPORATION (SUCCESS PRAISE)	A location for overseas trading for some companies in Mainland China	100	100			
FOXSEMICON INTEGRATED TECHNOLOGY INC.	SMART ADVANCE CORPORATION (SMART ADVANCE)	A location for overseas trading for some companies in Mainland China	100	100	(1)		
FOXSEMICON INTEGRATED TECHNOLOGY INC.	EVER DYNAMIC CORP	A location for overseas trading for some companies in Mainland China	100	100	(1)		
FOXSEMICON INTEGRATED TECHNOLOGY INC.	LOYAL NEWS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (LOYAL NEWS)	A location for overseas trading for some companies in Mainland China	100	100	(1)		
MINDTECH CORPORATION	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc.	Production and sales of electronic special equipment, test instruments, and industrial molds	100	100	(5)		
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc.	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Kunshan) Inc.	Develop and produce new alloy materials and electronic special equipment for production and sales	100	100			
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc.	Shanghai EnvoFox Integrated Technology Limit Inc.	Operation of environmental protection automatic control system and environmental engineering production and sales business	100	100			

- (1) The Company's shareholding ratio in EVER DYNAMIC CORP, LOYAL NEWS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED and SMART ADVANCE CORPORATION was 100%. However, all the companies mentioned above ceased operation in 2014.
- (2) For the year ended December 31, 2022, the company purchased the equity of the subsidiary FOX AUTOMATION TECHNOLOGY INC. from non-controlling interests, and the shareholding ratio was increased to 99.88% and 100% in September 30,2022 and December 31,2022, respectively. Please refer to Note 6(26).

- (3) The company invested in the establishment of UNIEQ TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD. in September 2023, and it was included in the consolidated financial statement preparation entity from the investment date.
- (4) The company invested in the establishment of UniEQ Integrated Technology CO., Ltd. in November 2023, and it was included in the consolidated financial statement preparation entity from the investment date.
- (5) The disclosure of the subsidiary mentioned above reinvesting in Mainland China, please refer to Note 13.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.
- (4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

- A. Foreign currency transactions and balances
 - (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
 - (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
 - (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
 - (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.
- B. Translation of foreign operations
 - (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities and associates that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- i. Assets and liabilities presented in each balance sheet are converted at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of that balance sheet;
- ii. Income and expense presented in each comprehensive income statement are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
- iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate, exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign associate or jointly controlled entities after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate, or losing joint control of the former jointly controlled entities, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in these foreign operations.
- (c) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.
- (5) Classification of current and non-current items
 - A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
 - B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be deferred unconditionally for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.
- (6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

- (7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
 - A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
 - C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognizes the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognizes the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- (8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
 - A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognize changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and debt instruments which meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
 - B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
 - C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value. The changes in fair value were recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognizion of the investment. Dividends are recognized as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
- (9) Financial assets at amortized cost
 - A. Financial assets at amortized cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
 - B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortized cost are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
 - C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired.
 - D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The Group initially measures accounts and notes receivable at fair value and subsequently recognizes the amortized interest income over the period of circulation using the effective interest method and the impairment loss. A gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.
- (11) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortized cost including accounts receivable or contract assets that have a significant financing component, at each reporting date, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognizes the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(13) Leasing arrangements (lessor) - operating leases

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes loan costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

- (15) Investments accounted for using equity method / associates
 - A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost, including goodwill recognized at the time of acquisition, and less any accumulated impairment loss arising from subsequent evaluations.

- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognizes the Group's share of change in equity of the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for under the equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Company's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- F. Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former associate at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss.
- G. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.
- H. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss proportionately.
- (16) Property, plant and equipment
 - A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Loan costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.

- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost model subsequently. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures: 25~35 year(s)

Machinery and equipment: 5~10 year(s)

Other equipment: 3~8 year(s)

- (17) Leasing arrangements (lessee) right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities
 - A. Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
 - B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental loan interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of the Fixed payments. The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortized cost using the interest method and recognizes interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
 - C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability. The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

(18) Investment property

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 35 years.

(19) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

(20) Loans

Loans comprise long-term and short-term bank loans. Loans are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Loans are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the loans using the effective interest method.

(21) Notes and accounts payable

Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities. The Group initially measures notes and accounts payable at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. However, short-term accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(22) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial liabilities are classified in this category of held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorized as financial liabilities held for trading unless they are designated as hedges.
- B. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial liabilities at fair value. All related transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures these financial liabilities at fair value with any gain or loss recognized in profit or loss.

(23) Convertible bonds payable

Convertible bonds issued by the Group contain conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into the Group's common shares by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of common shares). The Group classifies the bonds payable upon issuance as a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the contract terms. They are accounted for as follows:

- A. The embedded call options and put options are recognized initially at net fair value as 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'. They are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value on each balance sheet date; the gain or loss is recognized as 'gain or loss on valuation of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'.
- B. The host contracts of bonds is initially recognized at fair value. Any difference between the initial recognition and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds

payable and subsequently is amortized in profit or loss as an adjustment to 'finance costs' over the period of circulation using the effective interest method.

- C. The embedded conversion options which meet the definition of an equity instrument are initially recognized in 'capital surplus—share options' at the residual amount of total issue price less bonds payable as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.
- D. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance are allocated to each liability or equity component in proportion to the initial carrying amount of each abovementioned item.
- E. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component of the bonds shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The book value of common shares issued due to the conversion shall be based on the adjusted book value of the abovementioned liability component plus the book value of capital surplus share options.
- (24) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(25) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realized the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(26) Provisions

Provisions (including warranties) are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognized as interest expense. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

(27) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid and are recognized as expenses in the period in which the employees render service.

- B. Pension
 - (a)Defined contribution plan

For defined contribution plans, the Company has no legal or constructive obligation to make additional contributions after a fixed amount is contributed to a public or privately managed and independent pension fund. The contributions are recognized as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments. (b)Defined benefit plan

- i.Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability; when there is no deep market in high-quality corporate bonds, the Group uses interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) instead.
- ii.Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- C. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration
 - Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are recognized as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is paid by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.
- (28) Share-based payment employees' bonus and compensation

For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognized as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognized is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

- (29) Income tax
 - A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
 - B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns

with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.

- C. Deferred tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realized the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realized the liability simultaneously.
- F. Tax incentives arising from research and development expenditures were accounted for using income tax credits.

(30) <u>Dividends</u>

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(31) <u>Revenue recognition</u>

- A. The Group manufactures and sells related products of semi-conductor equipment. Sales are recognized when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the buyer, the buyer has full discretion over the price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products.
- B. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or when the product is delivered to

the shipping warehouse and the product is pulled in by the customer, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied. A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due. Revenue is only recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. The estimation is subject to an assessment at each reporting date. A refund liability is recognized for expected volume discounts payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period.

- C. The Group is engaged in environmental automation, environmental engineering and other related services. Revenue from providing services is recognized in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed price contracts, revenue is recognized based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided. This is determined based on the actual labor hours spent relative to the total expected labor hours. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognized. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognized.
- D. As the time interval between the transfer of committed goods or service and the payment of customer does not exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.
- (32) Government grants

Government grants are recognized at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognizes expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Government grants related to property, plant and equipment are recognized as non-current liabilities and are amortized to profit or loss over the estimated useful lives of the related assets using the straight-line method.

(33) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Group's chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

5. Critical Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Key Sources of Assumption Uncertainty

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below: .

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

Revenue recognition

The Group determines whether the nature of its performance obligation is to provide the specified goods or services itself (i.e. the Group is a principal) or to arrange for the other party to provide those goods or services (i.e. the Group is an agent) based on the transaction model and its economic substance. The Group is a principal if it controls a promised good or service before it transfers the good or service to a customer. The Group recognizes revenue at gross amount of consideration to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services transferred. The Group is an agent if its performance obligation is to arrange for the provision of goods or services by another party. The Group recognizes revenue at the amount of any fee or commission to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for the other party to provide its goods or services.

Indicators that the Group controls the good or service before it is provided to a customer include the following:

A. The Group is primarily responsible for the provision of goods or services;

- B. The Group assumes the inventory risk before transferring the specified goods or services to the customer or after transferring control of the goods or services to the customer.
- C. The Group has discretion in establishing prices for the goods or services.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions based on the expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances at the end of the reporting period. The resulting accounting estimates might be different from the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below:

Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, the Group must determine the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of December 31, 2023, information on the carrying amount of inventories is provided in Note6(5).

6. Details of Significant Accounts

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Petty cash and cash on hand	\$	1,718	\$	431
Checking accounts and demand deposits		2,666,817		2,550,965
Cash equivalents				
Time deposits		4,287,598		5,992,592
	\$	6,956,133	\$	8,543,988

A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

- B. The time deposits above mature within three months and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Additionally, as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, time deposits maturing in excess of three months were not in conformity with cash and cash equivalents as defined, amounting to \$3,627,151 and \$1,268,520, respectively, and which were reclassified to "financial assets carried at amortized cost current". Interest income recognized in profit or loss amounted to \$123,281 and \$54,714.
- C. Information about cash and cash equivalents that were pledged to others as collateral were classified as other non-current assets by the liquidity, please refer to Note 8.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Items	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Non-current items:				
Financial assets mandatorily measured at				
fair value through profit or loss				
Beneficiary certificates	\$	27,360	\$	232,097
Derivative instruments		190	_	-
	\$	27,550	\$	232,097
Items	Decen	nber 31, 2023	Decer	mber 31, 2022
Current items:				
Financial liabilities mandatorily measured at				
fair value through profit or loss				
Derivative instruments	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	1,336

A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is as follows:

(a) Beneficiary certificate: Private fund investment.

(b) Derivative instruments: Unsecured convertible bonds under repurchase and resale agreement.

B. Amounts recognized in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are listed below:

	Years ended December 31,				
		2023		2022	
Derivative instruments	\$	1,938	(\$	12,753)	
Beneficiary certificates		174,873	(56,858)	
	\$	176,811	(<u></u>	69,611)	

- C. The Group entered into an agreement of retirement of partner and disposed of the Partnership of Jinan Fujie Industrial Investment Fund Partnership (limited partnership) on December 12, 2023. Disposal price is RMB 89,012 thousands, acquired cash RMB 84,699 thousands and 18% equity of MEM'S CORE CO., Ltd.. As of December 31, 2023, the amount of cash RMB 25,410 thousands has not been received, shown as "Other receivables".
- D. The Group did not have financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others.
- (3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	Dece	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Non-current items :					
Equity instruments					
Listed stocks	\$	189,524	\$	117,291	
Unlisted stocks		102,913		76,785	
	<u>\$</u>	292,437	\$	194,076	

A. The Group has elected to classify investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

- B. The Group recognized net gain and loss in other comprehensive income for fair value change for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, amounting to gain \$78,482 and loss \$95,549, respectively. Dividend income from equity instruments recognized in profit or loss held at end of period, amounting to \$4,023 and \$4,361, respectively. The Group did not derecognize dividend income from equity instruments during the year.
- C. The Group doesn't have financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others.
- (4) Accounts receivable

	Decem	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Notes receivable	\$	144	\$	981,065	
Accounts receivable		782,728		2,550,965	
Less: Allowance for					
uncollectible accounts	(232)	(3,221)	
	<u>\$</u>	782,640	\$	2,547,744	

- A. The Group did not hold any collateral on its accounts.
- B. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, accounts receivable were all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2022, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$1,702,545.
- C. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2).

(5) <u>Inventories</u>

	December 31, 2023						
			Al	lowance for			
		Cost	va	luation loss		Book value	
Raw materials	\$	681,344	(\$	21,442)	\$	659,902	
Work in progress		767,215	(6,338)		760,877	
Finished goods		1,260,209	(60,859)		1,199,350	
	<u>\$</u>	2,708,768	(<u></u>	88,639)	\$	2,620,129	
			Dece	mber 31, 2022			
			Al	lowance for			
		Cost	va	luation loss		Book value	
Raw materials	\$	1,017,760	(\$	9,096)	\$	1,008,664	
Work in progress		1,345,883	(7,922)		1,337,961	
Finished goods		1,504,242	(43,814)		1,460,428	
	<u>\$</u>	3,867,885	(<u></u>	60,832)	\$	3,807,053	

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the year:

		Years ended December 31,				
		2023	2022			
Cost of goods sold	\$	9,648,364 \$	10,529,144			
Loss on decline in market value		39,710	25,308			
Sales of scraps	(91,387) (188,572)			
Others		40,103	33,807			
	<u>\$</u>	9,636,790 \$	10,399,687			

(6) Property, plant and equipment

							Unfinished		
							construction		
	I	Buildings	N	Aachinery			and equipment		
		and		and		Other	under		— 1
		structures	e	quipment	e	quipment	acceptance		Total
January 1, 2023									
Cost	\$	576,627	\$ 2	2,513,392	\$	659,977	\$ 1,685,949	\$5	,435,945
Accumulated	,			1 104 460	,	454 011		1 1	005 006
depreciation	(335,717)		<u>1,104,468</u>)	(454,911)	-		<u>,895,096</u>)
	\$	240,910	<u>\$</u>]	1,408,924	\$	205,066	<u>\$1,685,949</u>	<u>\$</u> 3	,540,849
<u>2023</u>									
Opening net book									
amount as at									
January 1	\$	240,910	\$]	1,408,924	\$	205,066	\$ 1,685,949	\$3	,540,849
Additions		39,462		260,253		104,815	213,888		618,418
Disposals		-	(2,572)	(912)	-	(3,484)
Transfers		10,344		425,260		5,268	(436,018)		4,854
Depreciation									
charge	(20,181)	(255,302)	(68,449)	-	(343,932)
Net exchange	,	0.005	,	00, 200)	,	0 710	(1 707)	1	25 007
differences	(2,995)	(28,392)	(2,713)	(1,707)	(35,807)
Closing net book									
amount as at	\$	267 540	¢	1 000 171	\$	242 075	¢ 1 460 110	¢ 2	700 000
December 31	φ	267,540	φ	1,808,171	φ	243,075	<u>\$ 1,462,112</u>	<u>φ</u>)	<u>,780,898</u>
At December 31									
Cost	\$	624,660	\$ 3	3,141,027	\$	756,666	\$ 1,462,112	\$5	,984,465
Accumulated	,					F10 F01		, -	000 515
depreciation	(357,120)		<u>1,332,856</u>)	(513,591)		_	<u>,203,567</u>)
	\$	267,540	<u>\$</u>]	1,808,171	\$	243,075	<u>\$1,462,112</u>	<u>\$</u> 3	,780,898

								nfinished nstruction		
	Ŧ	Buildings	N	Iachinery				equipment		
	1	and	14.	and		Other		under		
	S	structures	e	quipment	e	quipment		ceptance		Total
January 1, 2022				1 1		1 1				
Cost	\$	570,324	\$ 1	,951,737	\$	614,272	\$	531,679	\$	3,668,012
Accumulated	Ŷ	010,021	+ -	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ŧ	,_/_	Ŧ	001,017	Ŧ	0,000,012
depreciation	(313,232)	(928,940)	(<u>397,253</u>)		-	(1,639,425)
	\$	257,092	<u>\$ 1</u>	,022,797	\$	217,019	\$	531,679	\$	2,028,587
<u>2022</u>										
Opening net book										
amount as at										
January 1	\$	257,092	\$ 1	,022,797	\$	217,019	\$	531,679	\$	2,028,587
Additions		1,100		209,451		34,455	1	,509,706		1,754,712
Disposals		-	(1,525)	(318)		-	(1,843)
Transfers	(158)		344,662		13,266	(357,928)	(158)
Depreciation			,						,	2 (0, 51.0)
charge	(19,475)	(179,507)	(61,728)		-	(260,710)
Net exchange differences		2,351		13,046		2,372		2,492		20,261
Closing net book		2,331		13,040		2,312		2,492		20,201
amount as at										
December 31	\$	240,910	\$ 1	,408,924	\$	205,066	\$1	,685,949	\$	3,540,849
At December 31	-		<u> </u>	<i>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </i>		/	<u> </u>	<i></i>		
Cost	\$	576,627	\$ 2	,513,392	\$	659,977	\$ 1	,685,949	\$	5,435,945
Accumulated	Ψ	570,027	ΨΖ	, 515, 572	Ψ	057,711	ΨΙ	,005,747	ψ	5,455,745
depreciation	(335,717)	(_1	,104,468)	(454,911)		-	(1,895,096)
ĩ	\$	240,910	\$ 1	,408,924	\$	205,066	\$ 1	,685,949	\$	3,540,849
	<u> </u>	,		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collaterals is provided in Note 8.

(7) <u>Leasing arrangements-lessee</u>

A. The Group leases various assets including land, buildings and structures. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 5 to 35 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for loan purposes.

B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months, include dormitories and transportation equipment.

C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 202		
	Carrying amount		Carry	ving amount	
Land	\$	95,415	\$	101,476	
Buildings and structures		222,792		192,768	
	\$	318,207	<u>\$</u>	294,244	
		Years ended	Decembe	er 31,	
	2	2023		2022	
	Deprecia	ation charge	Depree	ciation charge	
Land	\$	5,869	\$	7,075	
Buildings and structures		47,775		31,292	
	\$	53,644	\$	38,367	

D. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the additions to right- of-use assets was \$81,918 and \$216,655. Information relating to acquire right-of-use assets from related parties is provided in Note 7.

E. Information on profit or loss in relation to lease contracts is as follows:

	Years ended December 31,					
		2023		2022		
Items affecting profit or loss						
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	11,224	\$	5,585		
Expense on short-term lease contracts		47,034		31,834		
	\$	58,258	\$	37,419		

F. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$105,074 and \$66,380, respectively.

(8) Investment property

	Buildings and structures					
	2023		2022			
At January 1						
Cost	\$	74,156	\$ 73,842			
Accumulated depreciation	(38,282) (35,997)			
	\$	35,874	\$ 37,845			
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	35,874	\$ 37,845			
Transfer (out) in	(4,854)	158			
Depreciation charge	(2,107) (2,129)			
Closing net book amount as at December 31	\$	28,913	\$ 35,874			
At December 31						
Cost	\$	63,544	\$ 74,156			
Accumulated depreciation	(34,631) (38,282)			
	\$	28,913	\$ 35,874			

A. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

	Years ended December 31,				
		2023		2022	
Rental income from investment property	\$	15,540	\$	16,070	
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment					
property that generated rental income during the					
year	\$	2,107	\$	2,129	

B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as December 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$95,184 and \$111,080, respectively, which were based on the valuation of market prices estimated using comparison approach which is categorized within Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

(9) Short-term loans

Type of borrowings	December 31, 2023	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings			
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$ 35,000	0.50%~2.00%	None.
Type of borrowings	December 31, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings			
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$ 417,640	1.90%~3.7%	None.

(10) Other payables

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Salary and bonus payable	585,867	723,487
Processing fees payable	269,113	541,328
Employees' compensation payable	262,448	209,416
Others	346,730	417,198
	<u>\$ 1,464,158</u>	<u>\$ 1,891,429</u>
(11) Other current liabilities		
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Provisions	\$ 288,324	\$ 511,931
Supplemental loan	52,919	56,772
Others	52,120	28,188
	<u>\$ 393,363</u>	<u>\$ 596,891</u>

A. Information of contract liabilities is provided in Note 6(19).

- B. The Group entered into supplemental capacity addendum contracts with its customers. The Group received the supplemental loans in advanced and reserves certain capacity to the customers. The deposits would be returned in accordance with the contracts, except the parts on December 31, 2023 and 2022 amounting to \$104,235 and \$327,172 due more than one year are classified as "other non-current liabilities". Besides, the amount of estimated volume discounts in the contracts has been recognized as refund liabilities.
- C. The information of provisions is as follows:

	Provisions for war			
		2023		
Balance at January 1	\$	56,772		
Additional provisions recognized		451,548		
Reversed during the year	(412,764)		
Used during the year	(42,452)		
Net exchange differences	(185)		
Balance At December 31	<u>\$</u>	52,919		

The provisions of the Group are related to the sales of the semi-conductor and automatic equipment. Provisions are estimated based on the information of the historical warranty data of the products.

(12) Pension

- (a) The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contributions for the deficit by next March.
- (b)The amounts recognized in the balance sheet are as follows: (shown as " Other non-current (assets)liabilities")

	December 31, 2023		Dece	mber 31, 2022
Present value of defined benefit obligations	\$	36,976	\$	36,122
Fair value of plan assets	(41,226)	(41,017)
Net defined benefit asset	(<u></u>	4,250)	(<u></u>	4,895)

(c) Movements in net defined benefit liabilities are as follows:

	Present value of defined benefit obligations			Fair value of plan assets		Net defined benefit asset	
2023							
At January 1	\$	36,122	\$	41,017	(\$	4,895)	
Interest cost		470		-		470	
Interest income		-		533	(533)	
		36,592		41,550	(4,958)	
Remeasurements:							
Return on plan assets		-		156	(156)	
Change in financial							
assumptions		307		-		307	
Experience adjustments		774				774	
		1,081		156		925	
Pension fund contribution		-		217	(217)	
Paid pension	()	<u> </u>	()	<u> </u>		-	
At December 31	<u>\$</u>	36,976	\$	41,226	(<u>\$</u>	4,250)	

	Present value					
	of defined		Fa	Fair value		Net defined
	benef	it obligations	of p	of plan assets		benefit asset
2022						
At January 1	\$	41,358	\$	37,061	\$	4,297
Current service cost		78		-		78
Interest cost		290		-		290
Interest income				259	(259)
		41,726		37,320		4,406
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets		-		2,752	(2,752)
Change in financial						
assumptions	(2,026)		-	(2,026)
Experience adjustments	(3,578)		_	(3,578)
	(5,604)		2,752	(8,356)
Pension fund contribution		-		945	(945)
At December 31	\$	36,122	\$	41,017	(<u></u>	4,895)

- (d)The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the Fund of the Company's and domestic subsidiaries' defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilisation plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilisation of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilisation for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-the-counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitisation products, etc.). With regard to the utilisation of the Fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from two-year time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being authorised by the Regulator. The Company has no right to participate in managing and operating that Fund and therefore, the Company is unable to disclose the classification of plan assets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilisation Report announced by the government.
- (e) The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

	Years ended December 31				
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022			
Discount rate	1.20%	1.30%			
Future salary increases	3.50%	3.50%			

Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set based on actuarial advice in accordance with published statistics and experience in each territory.

Sensitivity analysis of the effect on present value of defined benefit obligation due from the changes of main actuarial assumptions was as follows:

	Discou	unt rate	Future sal	ary increases		
	Increase 0.25%			Decrease 0.25%		
December 31, 2023						
Effect on present value of defined benefit obligation						
	(<u>\$ 760</u>)	<u>\$ 783</u>	<u>\$ 672</u>	(<u>\$ 658</u>)		
	Discou	unt rate	Future salary increases			
	Increase 0.25%			Decrease 0.25%		
December 31, 2022 Effect on present value of defined benefit obligation						
U	(<u>\$ 801</u>)	<u>\$ 826</u>	<u>\$ 717</u>	(<u>\$ 701</u>)		

The sensitivity analysis above is based on one assumption which changed while the other conditions remain unchanged. In practice, more than one assumption may change all at once. The method utilised in sensitivity analysis is the same as the method utilised in calculating net pension liability on the balance sheet.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis were consistent with previous period.

- (f) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plan of the Company for the year ending December 31, 2024 amount to \$63.
- (g) As of December 31, 2023, the weighted average duration of that retirement plan is 9 years.
- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company has established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
 - (b) The Group's subsidiary in Mainland China contributes monthly pension insurance premiums at 16% of local employees' total salaries in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC). Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
 - (c) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, were \$125,065 and \$102,759, respectively.

(13) Bonds payable

	Dece	December 31, 2023		cember 31, 2022
Bonds payable	\$	1,903,700	\$	1,908,000
Less: Discount on bonds payable	(38,662)	(59,062)
	\$	1,865,038	\$	1,848,938
Less: Long-term liabilities, current portion		_	(1,848,938)
	<u>\$</u>	1,865,038	\$	-

- A. The issuance of domestic convertible bonds by the Company
 - The terms of the second unsecured convertible bonds issued by the Company are as follows:
 - i. The Company issued \$2,000,000, which the amount of fundraising is \$2,010,000 and the par rate is 0%, second domestic unsecured convertible bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority. The bonds mature five years from the issue date November 16, 2020 to November 16, 2025 and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date. The bonds were listed on the Taipei Exchange on November 16, 2020.
 - ii. The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of the Company during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue to the maturity date, except the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.
 - iii. The conversion price of the bonds is set up based on the pricing model specified in the terms of the bonds, and is subject to adjustments if the condition of the anti-dilution provisions occurs subsequently. The conversion price was NTD 196.9 per share upon issuance. The Company adjusted the conversion price to NTD 171 per share as the terms of the bonds on July 9, 2023.
 - iv. Under the terms of the bonds, all bonds redeemed (including bonds repurchased from the Taipei Exchange), matured and converted are retired and not to be re-issued; all rights and obligations attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
 - v. The bondholders may request the Company to repurchase the convertible bonds at face value when the bonds are issued for three years.
 - vi. The Company may repurchase all the bonds outstanding in cash at the bonds' face value at any time after the following events occur: (i) the closing price of the Company's common shares is above the then conversion price by 30% for 30 consecutive trading days during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue to 40 days before the maturity date, or (ii) the outstanding balance of the bonds is less than 10% of total initial issue amount during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue to 40 days before the maturity date.

- B. Regarding the issuance of convertible bonds, the equity conversion options amounting to \$158,325 were separated from the liability component and were recognized in 'capital surplus— share options' in accordance with IAS 32. The call options and put options embedded in bonds payable were separated from their host contracts and were recognized in 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' in net amount in accordance with IFRS 9 because the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives were not closely related to those of the host contracts. The effective interest rates of the bonds payable after such separation ranged between 1.1122% and 1.5518%.
- C. The conversion of domestic convertible bonds by the Company:
 - For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the \$100 and \$72,000 of the Company's second unsecured domestic convertible bonds had been converted into 1 and 377 thousands shares of common stocks, and have been completed the registered. And as of December 31, 2023, holders of convertible bonds with a face value of \$4,200 exercised the conversion right and obtained 24,559 units of certificate of entitlement to new shares from convertible bond (each unit can be exchanged for one outstanding share of the Company.) The registration has not been completed up till December 31, 2023.

Type of borrowings	Dece	ember 31, 2023	Interest rate range	Collateral	
Bank borrowings					
Secured borrowings	\$	1,233,339	0.76%~1.395%	Property, plant and equipment	
Bank unsecured borrowings		403,156	0.76%~0.90%	None	
		1,636,495			
Less: Long-term liabilities,					
current portion	(64,715)			
	<u>\$</u>	1,571,780			
Type of borrowings	Dece	ember 31, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral	
Bank borrowings					
Secured borrowings	\$	1,217,659	0.635%~1.27%	Property, plant and equipment	
Bank unsecured borrowings		319,312	0.635%~0.775%	None	
		1,536,971			
Less: Long-term liabilities,					
current portion	(30,932)			
-	\$	1,506,039			

(14) Long-term loans

- A. The credit contracts that the subsidiary of the Company signed with the banks are provided the joint guarantee line by the parent company, please refer to Note 13.
- B. Please refer to Note 8 for further information on property, plant and equipment pledged to others as collateral.

(15) Share capital

A. As of December 31, 2023, the Company's authorised capital was \$1,500,000, consisting of 150,000 thousand shares of ordinary share (including 8,500 thousand shares reserved for employee share options), and the paid-in capital was \$971,861 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

	2023	2022
At January 1	96,792	87,801
Executive employee stock options	393	497
Inssuance of shares - Private placement	-	8,117
Conversion of convertible bonds	1	377
At December 31	97,186	96,792

- B. To increase the Company's working capital, the stockholders at their annual stockholders' meeting on December 30, 2021 adopted a resolution to raise additional cash through private placement with the effective date set on April 26, 2022. The number of shares to be issued through the private placement is 8,117 thousand shares at a subscription price of \$210.22 (in dollars) per share. The amount of capital raised through the private placement was \$\$1,706,410 which had been registered. Pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act, the ordinary shares raised through the private placement are subject to certain transfer restrictions and cannot be listed on the stock exchange until three years after they have been issued and have been offered publicly. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of the ordinary shares raised through the private placement are the same as other issued ordinary shares.
- (16) Share-based payment
 - A. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

		Quantity granted	Contract	Vesting
Type of arrangement	Grant date	(thousand shares)	period	conditions
Employee share options	2017.12.27	1,000	5 years	Description (1)
Employee share options	2019.09.27	1,000	5 years	Description (1)
Employee share options	2020.10.30	1,000	5 years	Description (1)
Employee share options	2021.08.09	1,500	5 years	Description (1)
Employee share options	2022.07.08	1,500	5 years	Description (1)

Employees receive 20% after 2 years of service, 60% after 3 years of service, and 100% after 4 years of service.

		2023				2022			
			I	Weighted-			Weighted-		
		No. of		average		No. of		average	
		options		exercise		options		exercise	
		(thousand shares)	_(price in dollars)	_	(thousand shares)	(price in dollars)	
Options outstanding at January 1		4,910	\$	179.5		4,060	\$	178.3	
Options exercised	(363)		119.4	(650)		168.3	
Options given		1,100		167.4		1,500		178.0	
Options overdue	(197)		156.8	_			-	
Options outstanding at December 31	_	5,450		182.0	_	4,910		179.5	
Options exercisable at December 31	_	1,249		163.0	_	710		131.7	

B. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

Note: Some of the exercised stock options have not been registered, so those are shown as "Advance receipts for share capital".

- C. The Company issued common stock for years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 amounting to 134,600 and 391,600 shares because employees exercised their stock options under the stock option plan. The registration for the shares mentioned. The registration for the shares mentioned 228,600 and 258,800 shares have not been completed in December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- D. The fair value of stock options granted on grant date is measured using the Black-Scholes optionpricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

				Expected	Expected			
		Stock	Exercise	price	option	Expected	Risk-free	Fair
Type of	Grant date	price (in	price (in	volatility	life	dividends	interest	value
arrangement	shares)	dollars)	dollars)	(%)	(year)	(%)	rate (%)	per unit
Employee	2017.12.27	\$ 198.5	198.5	47.84%	3.5~4.5	-	0.58~	69.9~
share options					year(s)		0.64%	78.8
Employee	2019.09.27	115.5	115.5	44.51~	3.5~4.5	-	0.57~	38.07~
share options				46.91%	year(s)		0.60%	45
Employee	2020.10.30	173	173	46.48~	3.5~4.5	-	0.22~	61.8~
share options				49.21%	year(s)		0.23%	65.95
Employee	2021.08.09	229	229	45.82~	3.5~4.5	-	0.23~	79.12~
share options				47.45%	year(s)		0.29%	90.95
Employee	2022.07.08	178	178	44.45~	3.5~4.5	-	0.96~	59.43~
share options				45.87%	year(s)		1.02%	69.03

E. The Group's compensation cost and capital surplus arising from share-based payment transaction amounted to \$68,086 and \$68,512, For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

(17) <u>Capital surplus</u>

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. However, capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

	2023								
		Employee							
	Share		stock		T 1				
	premium	Options	options	Others	Total				
At January 1	\$3,693,366	\$107,541	\$128,200	\$10,222	\$3,939,329				
Share-based payment									
transactions	-	-	68,086	-	68,086				
Employee stock options									
exercised	54,161	-	(14,347)	-	39,814				
Employee stock options									
overdue	-	-	(12,798)	12,798	-				
Conversion of convertible									
bonds	4,097	(244)	-	-	3,853				
Changes in equity of									
associates and joint									
ventures accounted				229	229				
At December 31	<u>\$3,751,624</u>	<u>\$107,297</u>	\$169,141	\$23,249	\$4,051,311				

			2022		
			Employee		
	Share	Ontiona	stock	Others	Total
	premium	Options	options	Others	Total
At January 1	\$1,877,491	\$ 111,630	\$ 95,194	\$ 9,526	\$2,093,841
Inssuance of common					
stock	1,625,238	-	-	-	1,625,238
Share-based payment					
transactions	-	-	67,760	-	67,760
Employee stock options					
exercised	121,701	-	(34,754)	-	86,947
Change for non -					
controlling interest	-	-	-	696	696
Conversion of convertible					
bonds	(0,00)	((000)			
	68,936	(4,089)			64,847
At December 31	<u>\$3,693,366</u>	<u>\$ 107,541</u>	<u>\$128,200</u>	<u>\$10,222</u>	<u>\$3,939,329</u>

(18) <u>Retained earnings</u>

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses (including adjusted undistributed earnings), and then the 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve until the legal reserve equals the paid-in capital. At least, special reserve shall be appropriated or reversed according to the relevant regulations. The remainder, along with the accumulated unappropriated earnings in the prior year, shall be appropriated to shareholders as dividends, proposed the distribution plan by the Board of Directors and resolved by the shareholders at their meeting.
- B. In accordance with the Company Act, the resolution, for all or part of distributable dividends and bonus, capital surplus or legal reserve distributed in cash, will be adopted if more than 2/3 of the directors attend the Board of Directors' meeting and more than 1/2 of the directors present agree to the resolution. This will then be reported to the shareholders' meeting. The regulation which requires approval by the shareholders is not applicable for the above.
- C. The Company's dividend policy shall takes into account current and future investment environment, capital needs, domestic and foreign competition, and capital budget, etc. along with shareholders' interests and the long-term financial plans. The accumulated distributable earnings are appropriated as dividends or bonuses to shareholders, of which the distributable earnings during the current year shall account for at least 15% The dividends and bonuses can be distributed in the form of cash or shares and cash dividend shall account for at least 10% of the total dividends and bonuses distributed.
- D. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.

E. The appropriation of earnings for 2022 and 2021 have been resolved by the shareholders' meeting on May 30, 2023 and May 27, 2022, respectively, as follows:

	20	22	2021			
		Dividends		Dividends		
		per share		per share		
	Amount	(in dollars)	Amount	(in dollars)		
Legal reserve	\$ 229,858		\$ 155,025			
Cash dividends	1,339,609	\$ 13.8	840,021	\$ 8.7		
	<u>\$1,569,467</u>		<u>\$ 995,046</u>			

The appropriation of 2022 and 2021 earnings mentioned above is not difference to the propose from the Board of Directors in February 2023 and 2022.

F. The appropriation of 2023 earnings as proposed by the Board of Directors on February 29, 2024 is as follows:

	202	23	
		Dividends	
		per share	
	Amount	(in dollars)	
Legal reserve	\$ 198,954		
Cash dividends	1,173,260	\$ 12.0	
	<u>\$ 1,372,214</u>		

The appropriation mentioned above of 2023 earnings has not been resolved by the shareholders as of February 29, 2024.

Information about the appropriations of earnings as proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the shareholders can be demanded in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(19) Operating revenue

	 Years ended December 31,			
	 2023	2022		
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$ 13,051,357	\$	14,843,221	

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods over time and at a point in time. Disaggregation of revenue for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

Years ended December 31, 2023	America	China	Taiwan	Others	Total
Revenue from external customer					
contracts recognized at a point					
in time	<u>\$ 11,051,122</u>	<u>\$ 401,383</u>	<u>\$1,087,403</u>	<u>\$ 511,449</u>	<u>\$13,051,357</u>
Years ended December 31, 2022	America	China	Taiwan	Others	Total
Revenue from external customer					
contracts recognized at a point in time	<u>\$12,506,351</u>	<u>\$ 536,341</u>	<u>\$ 1,184,302</u>	<u>\$ 616,227</u>	<u>\$14,843,221</u>

B. Contract assets and liabilities

- (a) Contract liabilities were advance sales receipts. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, contract liabilities were all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2022, the balance of contract liabilities amounted to \$44,999, respectively. Please refer to Note 7 for details of information on related parties.
- (b) Revenue recognized that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$15,935 and \$28,823 respectively.

(20) Other income

	Years ended December 31,				
		2022			
Grants income	\$	101,444	\$	16,964	
Rent income		15,540		16,070	
Dividends income		4,023		8,499	
Other income, others		40,008		48,570	
	<u>\$</u>	161,015	\$	90,103	

The grants mentioned above were related to property, plant, and equipment, and were recognized on a systematic basis over the depreciation periods.

(21) Other gains and losses

	Years ended December 31,					
		2023	2022			
Gain and losses on financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss	\$	176,811 (\$	69,611)			
Losses on disposals of property, plant and						
equipment	(3,109) (1,680)			
Net foreign exchange loss	(38,608) (117,417)			
Other gains and losses	(3,303) (3,289)			
	\$	<u>131,791</u> (<u>§</u>	<u> </u>			

(22) Expenses by nature

Additional disclosures related to operating costs and operating expenses are as follows:

	Years ended December 31,				
		2023	2022		
Employee benefit expense	\$	2,625,137	\$	2,724,668	
Depreciation expense (Note)		397,576		299,077	
Amortisation expense		10,199		12,478	
	<u>\$</u>	3,032,912	\$	3,036,223	

Note: Depreciation expense includes provision for property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets.

(23) Employee benefit expense

	Years ended December 31,					
<u>Nature</u>		2023	2022			
Wages and salaries	\$	2,130,012	\$	2,322,446		
Employee stock options		68,086		68,512		
Labour and health insurance fees		136,769		123,186		
Pension costs		125,002		102,868		
Other personnel expenses		165,268		107,656		
	\$	2,625,137	\$	2,724,668		

A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, if any, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' remuneration after it is resolved by the Board of Directors and reported to the shareholders. The ratio shall be 3%~8% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 0.5% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration.

- B. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, employees compensation was accrued at \$139,500 and \$125,239, respectively; while directors' remuneration was accrued at \$11,370 and \$12,251, respectively.
- C. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of 2023 and 2022 as resolved by the Board of Directors on February 29, 2024 and February 24, 2023 were agreed with those amounts recognized in the 2023 and 2022 financial statements and will be distributed in cash.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors can be demanded in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(24) Income tax expense

A. Components of income tax expense:

	Years ended December 31,					
		2023		2022		
Current tax:						
Current tax on profits for the year	\$	496,290	\$	565,774		
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		53,620		36,521		
Effect from research and development tax credits	(73,513)	(64,292)		
Prior year income tax underestimation		36,698		4,978		
Total current tax		513,095		542,981		
Deferred tax:						
Origination and reversal of temporary differences		8,866		3,358		
Income tax expense	<u>\$</u>	521,961	\$	546,339		

B. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit

	Years ended December 31,					
		2023	2022			
Tax calculated based on profit before tax and statutory tax rate (note)	\$	676,854 \$	726,210			
Effect from items disallowed by tax						
regulation	(168,907) (145,021)			
Effect from research and development tax						
credits	(73,513) (64,292)			
Additional 5% tax on undistributed						
surplus earnings		53,620	36,521			
Prior year income tax underestimation		36,698	4,978			
Temporary differences not recognised as						
deferred tax assets	(2,791) (12,057)			
Income tax expense	\$	521,961 \$	546,339			

Note: The basis for computing the applicable tax rate are the rates applicable in the respective countries where the Group entities operate.

C. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences are as follows:

	2023							
		Recognised						
	January 1		in profit January 1 or loss		Net exchange differences		December 31	
Temporary differences:								
-Deferred tax assets:								
Allowance for inventory valuation loss	\$	409	\$	88	\$	-	\$	497
Salaries accrued at end of year		6,527		-	(120)		6,407
Government grants Impairment loss on investments accounted for using the equity		2,044	(378)	(30)		1,636
method		976		-		-		976
induited.	\$	9,956	(<u></u>	290)	(<u></u>	150)	\$	9,516
 Deferred tax liabilities: Recognised investment profit or loss which is adopting equity 								
method	(36,663)	(9,208)		-	(45,871)
Unrealized exchange gain	(2,174)		632		_	(1,542)
	(<u></u>	<u>38,774</u>)	(<u>\$</u>	8,576)	\$	-	(<u></u>	47,413)

	2022							
	Recognised							
				in profit	Net	exchange		
	_Ja	anuary 1		or loss	dif	fferences	De	cember 31
Temporary differences:								
-Deferred tax assets:								
Allowance for inventory valuation loss	\$	287	\$	122	\$	-	\$	409
Unrealized exchange loss		3,116	(3,116)		-		-
Salaries accrued at end of year		6,567		133	(173)		6,527
Government grants		2,305	(434)		173		2,044
Impairment loss on investments								
accounted for using the equity		976		_		_		976
method	\$	13,251	(\$	3,295)	\$		\$	9,956
- Deferred tax liabilities:	Ψ	15,251	(<u>ψ</u>		Ψ		Ψ	7,750
Recognised investment profit or loss which is adopting equity								
method	(38,774)		2,111		-	(36,663)
Unrealized exchange gain		-	(2,174)		-	(2,174)
	(<u></u>	38,774)	(<u></u>	<u> </u>	\$	_	(<u></u>	38,837)

D. The amounts of deductible temporary differences that were not recognized as deferred tax assets are as follows:

	Years ended December 31,					
		2023		2022		
Amount of allowance for bad debts in excess of the limit for tax purpose	\$	55,105	\$	36,889		
Allowance for inventory valuation loss Loss on investments accounted for		62,880		48,162		
using the equity method		4,115		31,849		
Others		42,183		42,392		
	\$	164,283	\$	159,292		

E. The Company's income tax returns through 2021 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(25) Earnings per share

	Year ended December 31, 2023						
			Weighted average number of ordinary		Earnings		
		Amount after tax	shares outstanding (share in thousands)		per share (in dollars)		
Basic earnings per share							
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	1,990,468	97,192	\$	20.48		
Diluted earnings per share	<u> </u>			<u></u>			
Profit attributable to ordinary	ተ	1 000 460	07 100				
shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	1,990,468	97,192				
Convertible bonds		16,251	11,158				
Employee stock options		-	1,036				
Employees' compensation		-	755				
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus							
assumed conversion of all							
dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	2,006,719	110,141	\$	18.22		
		Yea	ar ended December 31, 2	2022			
			Weighted average				
			number of ordinary		Earnings		
		Amount after tax	shares outstanding		per share (in dollars)		
Basic earnings per share			(share in thousands)		(III dollars)		
Profit attributable to ordinary							
shareholders of the parent	\$	2,319,754	94,141	\$	24.64		
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u> Profit attributable to ordinary							
shareholders of the parent	\$	2,319,754	94,141				
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares							
Convertible bonds		16,090	10,408				
Employee stock options		_	1,053				
Employees' compensation		-	761				
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all							
dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	2,335,844	106,363	<u>\$</u>	21.96		
-							

(26) Transactions with non-controlling interest

For the years ended December 31, 2022, the company paid the cash \$121,448 to purchase 15.12% equity of the subsidiary FOX AUTOMATION TECHNOLOGY INC. The non-controlling interests decreased in \$92,612, the equity attributable to owners of the parent decreased in \$28,836.

(27) Supplemental cash flow information

Investing activities with partial cash payments:

	Years ended December 31,				
		2023		2022	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$	618,418	\$	1,754,712	
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment		61,902		28,292	
Add: Ending balance of prepaid on equipment		374,349		448,149	
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment	(61,712)	(61,902)	
Less: Opening balance of prepaid on equipment	(448,149)	(55,022)	
Cash paid during the period	\$	544,808	\$	2,114,229	

(28) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	Lease liabilities	Short-term borrowings	Long-term borrowings (Including current portion)	Bonds payable (Including current portion)	Liabilities from financing activities-gross
At January 1, 2023	\$ 301,871	\$ 417,640	\$ 1,536,971	\$ 1,848,938	\$ 4,105,420
Changes in cash flow from					
financing activities	(46,816)	(381,632)	110,276	-	(318,172)
Impact of changes in					
foreign exchange rate	(4,281)	-	-	-	(4,281)
Changes in other non-cash	01 010	(1.000)	(10.750)	16 100	06.050
items	81,918	(1,008)	(10,752)	16,100	86,258
At December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 332,692</u>	<u>\$ 35,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,636,495</u>	<u>\$ 1,865,038</u>	<u>\$3,869,225</u>
			Long-term borrowings	Bonds payable	Liabilities
	Lease liabilities	Short-term borrowings	(Including current portion)	(Including current portion)	from financing activities-gross
At January 1, 2022	\$ 105,057	\$ 221,440	\$ 424,825	\$ 1,897,858	\$ 2,649,180
Changes in cash flow from financing activities Impact of changes in	(34,546)	193,341	1,112,146	-	1,270,941
foreign exchange rate	5,868	2,859	-	-	8,727
Changes in other non-cash	- ,	_,			-,
items	225,492			(176,572
At December 31, 2022					

7. Related Party Transactions

(1) <u>Names of related parties and relationship</u>

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group
Hon Hai Precision Industry Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (Hon Hai and subsidiaries)	Group with significant influence over the Group
Foxconn Technology Co., Ltd and its subsidiaries (Foxconn Technology and subsidiaries)	Other related parties
General Interface Solution (GIS) Holding Limited and its subsidiaries (GIS and subsidiaries)	Other related parties

(2) Significant related party transactions

A. Sales

		Years ended December 31,			
	2023			2022	
Sales of goods:					
Group with significant influence over the Group					
- Hon Hai and subsidiaries	\$	28,865	\$	134,784	

There are no similar transactions for reference for the price of the Group's sales of goods to related parties. The collection term to related parties is 30~45 days after the invoice date.

B. Accounts receivable

	Decemb	er 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022
Accounts receivable:				
Group with significant influence over the Group - Hon Hai and subsidiaries	\$	644	\$	36,675
Allowance for uncollectible accounts			(<u> </u>
	\$	644	\$	36,664

The receivables from related parties arise mainly from sale transactions. The receivables are due $30{\sim}45$ days after the date of sales.

C. Other receivables from related parties

	Decem	ber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
Other receivables from related parties:				
Group with significant influence over the	\$	1,983	\$	1,194
Group - Hon Hai and subsidiaries				
Other related parties				
- GIS and subsidiaries		1,806		2,030
- Others		1,603		1,633
	\$	5,392	\$	4,857

Other receivables from related parties mainly refer to payments on behalf of others.

D. Lease transactions - lessee

- (a) The Group leases buildings from Hon Hai and its subsidiaries. Rental contracts are typically made for periods from years 2023 to 2027. Rents are paid quarterly.
- (b) Additions to right-of-use assets:

	Years ended December 31,				
	2023	2022			
Group with significant influence over the Group - Hon Hai and subsidiaries	<u>\$ 81,918</u>	<u>\$8,544</u>			
(c) Lease liabilities					
i. Outstanding balance:					
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022			
Group with significant influence over the Group - Hon Hai and subsidiaries	<u>\$ 71,355</u>	<u>\$7,502</u>			
ii. Interest expense:					
	Years ended	December 31,			
	2023	2022			
Group with significant influence over the Group - Hon Hai and subsidiaries	<u>\$ 4,854</u>	<u>\$ 1,225</u>			

E. Key management compensation

	Years ended December 31,					
		2023		2022		
Short-term employee benefits	\$	64,266	\$	43,591		
Post-employment benefits		540		472		
	\$	64,806	\$	44,063		

8. Pledged Assets

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

		Book value				
Pledged asset	Purpose	Dece	ember 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022	
Unfinished construction (shown as property, plant and equipment)	Long-term borrowings	\$	1,402,087	\$	1,388,506	
Time deposits (shown as other non-current assets)	Guarantee of Science Park Bureau		8,915		4,988	
Time deposits (shown as other non-current assets)	Customs guarantee	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,902</u> <u>1,412,904</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,894</u> <u>1,395,388</u>	

9. Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognized Contract Commitments

(1) Contingencies

Except for the recognized provision, the Group was not expected any material liabilities that could arise from the contingent liabilities.

(2) Commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred is as follows:

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 202		
Property, plant and equipment	\$	344,336	\$	426,161	
Investments accounted for using equity method				30,710	
	\$	344,336	\$	456,871	

10. Significant Disaster Loss

None.

11. Significant Events after the Balance Sheet Date

The Board of Directors have approved the proposal for the appropriation of earnings in 2023 on February 29, 2024, as described in Note6(18).

12. Others

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide the maximum returns for shareholders and to positively reduce the gearing ratio and the cost of capital.

December 21, 2022

- (2) Financial instruments
 - A. Financial instruments by category

	Dec	cember 31, 2023	Dec	ember 31, 2022
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair valuethrough profit or loss	\$	27,550	\$	232,097
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		292,437		194,076
Financial assets at amortized cost (Note)		11,487,806		10,800,976
	\$	11,807,793	\$	11,227,149
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	\$	-	\$	1,336
Financial liabilities atamortized cost (Note)		40,077,060		7,133,846
Lease liability		332,692		301,871
	\$	40,409,752	\$	7,437,053

Note: Financial assets at amortized cost included cash and cash equivalents, current financial assets at amortized cost, accounts receivable and other receivables; and financial liabilities at amortized cost included long-term and short-term loans, accounts payable, other payables, long-term liabilities-current portion and bonds payable.

- B. Financial risk management policies
 - (a) Categories of risk

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

(b) Objectives of management

Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

- C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks
 - (a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

i. Nature

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currencies, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange rate risk arises from recognized assets and liabilities.

ii. Management

Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The group companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury.

iii. Degree

The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

		Dec	ember 31, 2023		
	Foreign			Sensitiv	ity analysis
	currency amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss
(Foreign currency:					
functional currency)					
Financial assets					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	\$ 158,933	30.71	\$ 4,880,832	1%	\$ 48,808
USD:RMB	47,071	7.10	\$ 1,445,550	1%	14,456
Financial liabilities					
Monetary items					
USD:NTD	76,034	30.71	2,335,004	1%	23,350
USD:RMB	34,991	7.10	1,074,574	1%	10,746
		Dec	ember 31, 2022		
	Foreign			Sensitiv	ity analysis
	currency		Book	Degree	Effect on
	amount (In	Exchange	value	of	profit
	thousands)	rate	(NTD)	variation	or loss
(Foreign currency:					
functional currency)					
functional currency) Financial assets					
Financial assets Monetary items					
Financial assets Monetary items USD:NTD	\$ 226,276	30.71	\$ 6,948,936	1%	\$ 69,489
Financial assets Monetary items USD:NTD USD:RMB	\$ 226,276 81,937	30.71 6.97	\$ 6,948,936 2,516,285	1% 1%	\$ 69,489 25,163
Financial assets Monetary items USD:NTD USD:RMB Financial liabilities	. ,		, , ,		-
Financial assets Monetary items USD:NTD USD:RMB Financial liabilities Monetary items	81,937	6.97	2,516,285	1%	25,163
Financial assets Monetary items USD:NTD USD:RMB Financial liabilities	. ,		, , ,		-

iv. The total exchange (loss) gain, including realized and unrealized, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, amounted to \$38,608 and \$117,417, respectively.

Price risk

i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise shares issued by the domestic and foreign companies which are classified as investments in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. However, the fluctuation in prices are not expected to have significant influence over the value of investee companies.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from long-term and short-term loans. Loans issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. Group policy is to maintain at least 0.5%~2% of its loans at fixed rate. The Group has no significant interest rate based on the assessment.
- ii. The Group's interest rate risk arises from long-term loans. Long-term loans calculated by floating rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk, but most of this risk is offset by cash and cash equivalents held at floating rates.

If the long-term borrowing rate increases or decreases by 1%, and all other factors remain unchanged, the net profit after tax from January 1 to December 31, 2023 and 2022 will decrease or increase by \$12,839 and \$7,558 respectively.

- (b) Credit risk
 - i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortized cost and at fair value through profit or loss. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
 - ii. The Group adopts industrial characteristics and past experience, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
 - iii. Under IFRS 9 which the Group adopts, if the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
 - iv. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
 - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;

- (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- v. The ageing analysis of receivables (including related parties) is as follows:

	Decer	nber 31, 2023	Decer	nber 31, 2022
Not past due	\$	874,453	\$	873,867
Up to 90 days		9,480		84,697
91 to 180 days		20,306		29,618
181 to 270 days		-		3,507
271 to 360 days		241		-
Over 360 days		274		
	\$	904,754	\$	991,689

vi. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with credit rating. The Group applies the modified approach using the loss rate methodology or provision matrix to estimate the expected credit loss. The Group used the market forecastability of SEMI and The Basel Committee on Banking Supervision to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of notes receivable and accounts receivable. On December 31, 2023 and 2022, loss allowance estimated by the provision matrix or loss rate methodology is as follows:

December 31, 2023	<u> </u>	Group 1		Group 2	Total		
Expected loss rate		0.03%		0.03%			
Total book value	\$	776,794	\$	127,960	\$	904,754	
Loss allowance	(<u></u>	231)	(<u></u>	<u> </u>	(<u></u>	232)	
December 31, 2022	. <u> </u>	Group 1		Group 2		Total	
December 31, 2022 Expected loss rate	<u> </u>	Group 1 0.03%		Group 2 0.03%~100%		Total	
	\$	1	\$	i	\$	Total 991,689	

- Group 1: Standard Poor's, Fitch's, or Moody's rating of A-level, or rated as A-level in accordance with the Group's credit rating for those that do not have external credit ratings.
- Group 2: Rated as other than A in accordance with the Group's credit rating for those that have no external credit ratings.
- vii. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for receivables (including related parties) are as follows:

December 31, 2023			1, 2022
\$	3,221	\$	1,523
(2,989)		1,679
	_		19
\$	232	\$	3,221
	<u>December 31</u> \$ (<u><u>\$</u></u>	\$ 3,221	\$ 3,221 \$

- viii. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights.
- (c) Liquidity risk
 - i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed loan facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach loan limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its loan facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets and, if applicable external regulatory or legal requirements, for example, currency restrictions.
 - ii. The Group's non-derivative financial liabilities are analysed into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Except for those whose maturity date were less than 360 days as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the remaining non-derivative financial liabilities (including long-term and short-term loans, accounts payable, other payables, current portion of long-term liabilities and guarantee deposits received) are listed below:

December 31, 2023	 Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 3 years	C	Over 3 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities:				
Bonds payable (Note)	\$ -	\$ 1,903,700	\$	-
Long-term borrowings	79,038	605,412		1,047,194
Lease liability	55,293	113,592		212,267
Deposits received	288,324	104,235		-
		-		
December 31, 2022	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 3 years	C	Over 3 years
December 31, 2022 Non-derivative financial liabilities:				Over 3 years
· · · · · ·	\$		<u> </u>	Over 3 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities:	\$ 1 year	 		Over 3 years - 1,055,593
Non-derivative financial liabilities: Bonds payable (Note)	\$ 1 year 1,908,000	 and 3 years		-

Note : The reason of transfer of bonds payable to current liabilities is the bondholders can request the company to buy the bonds back after three years of issuance. Please refer to Note 6 (13).

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a

market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.

- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Company's investment in derivative instruments is included in Level 2.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market and investment property is included in Level 3.
- B. The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortized cost, accounts receivable (including due from related parties), other receivables (including due from related parties), long-term and short-term loans, accounts payable, other payables and bonds payable (including current portion)) are approximate to their fair values.
- C. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities at December 31,2023 and 2022 are as follows:

December 31, 2023 Assets	Level 1		Lev	el 2	<u> </u>	Level 3	 Total
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u> Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss							
Beneficiary certificates Derivative instruments	\$	-	\$	- 190	\$	27,360	\$ 27,360 190
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income							
Equity securities	<u>189,52</u> <u>\$ 189,52</u>		\$	- 190		<u>102,913</u> 130,273	292,437 319,987

(a) The related information of natures of the assets is as follows:

December 31, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Beneficiary certificates	\$-	\$ -	\$ 232,097	\$ 232,097
Financial assets at fair value				
through other comprehensive				
income				
Equity securities	117,291		76,785	194,076
	<u>\$ 117,291</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 308,882</u>	<u>\$ 426,173</u>
Liability				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial liabilities at fair value				
through profit or loss				
Derivative instruments	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,336</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,336</u>

(b) The Group's financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income on December 31, 2023 and 2022 are financial assets included in Level 1, in order to obtain listed stocks, the Group uses closing price as their fair values.

- (c) Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date (i.e. yield curves on the Taipei Exchange, average commercial paper interest rates quoted from Reuters).
- D. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- E. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

		2023		2022
At January 1	\$	308,882	\$	413,893
Acquired in the period		35,105		6,843
Gains and losses recognised in profit or loss		174,873	(56,858)
Gains and losses recognised in other				
comprehensive income		7,953	(61,752)
Disposal in the period	(395,532)		-
Effect of exchange rate changes	(1,008)		6,756
At December 31	\$	130,273	\$	308,882

- F. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- G. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at December 31, 2023	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Private equity fund investment	\$ 27,360	Net asset value	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Unlisted shares	102,913	Market comparable companies/Net asset value	Liquidity discount	32%~35%	The higher the discount rate, the lower the fair value.
	Fair value		Significant	Range	Relationship
	Fair value at December	Valuation	Significant unobservable	Range (weighted	Relationship of inputs to
		Valuation technique	e	•	-
Non-derivative equity instrument:	at December		unobservable	(weighted	of inputs to
	at December 31, 2022		unobservable	(weighted	of inputs to

H. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

			December 31, 2023			
			Recognised in other comprehensive income			
	Input	Change	Favour	able change	Unfav	vourable change
Financial assets						
Equity instruments	Liquidity discount	±5%	\$	7,757	(\$	7,757)
				Decemb	er 31, 2	022
			Recogn	ized in other	compre	hensive income
	Input	Change	Favour	able change	Unfav	vourable change
Financial assets						
Equity instruments	Liquidity discount	±5%	\$	5,674	(\$	5,674)

(4) Other matters

The Group's information systems were attacked by cyber hackers on January, 2024. The information department has actived the relevant defense mechanism and recovery operations, and cooperated with technical experts from external information security companies to test and ensure information security. There is no significant impact to the Group's financial and business based on the Group's assessment.

13. Supplementary Disclosures

The disclosures on investee companies were based on financial statements audited by Certified Public Accountants and the following transactions with subsidiaries were eliminated when preparing consolidated financial statements. The following disclosure information is for reference only.

- (1) Significant transactions information
 - A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
 - B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
 - C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
 - D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Please refer to table 4.
 - E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
 - F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
 - G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
 - H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 6.
 - I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please refer to Note 6(2).
 - J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 7.
- (2) <u>Information on investees</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 8.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

A. Basic information: Please refer to table 9.

B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: The Company provided purchases and sales to an investee company in the Mainland Area, Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc., through SUCCESS PRAISE CORPORATION. The transactions have been fully written-off in the consolidated financial statements. Please refer to Note 13(1) for the significant transactions of purchases, sales, receivables and payables between the Company and investee companies in the Mainland Area.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to Note 9.

- 14. Operating Segment Information
 - (1) General information

The Group is primarily engaged in the production and sales of semiconductor equipment subsystems and system integration. The chief operating decision-maker allocates resources and assesses performance based on the overall financial statements. It is identified that the Group is a single operating segment and there is only one reportable operating segment.

The Group's operating segment information is prepared in accordance with the Group's accounting policies. The chief operating decision-maker allocates resources and assesses performance of the operating segments primarily based on the operating revenue and profit (loss) before tax of individual operating segment.

(2) Information on products and services

Revenue from external customers is mainly from the sales business of abovementioned single reportable segments. Therefore products revenue is the reportable segment revenue.

(3) Geographical information

Geographical information for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

		Year ended				Year ended		
	Dec	ember 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2023	Dec	ember 31, 2022	Dece	ember 31, 2022
		Revenue	Non-current assets			Revenue	Non	-current assets
America	\$	11,051,122	\$	382,804	\$	12,506,351	\$	310,677
Taiwan		1,087,403		2,080,059		1,184,302		1,998,979
China		401,383		2,091,193		536,341		2,061,318
Others		511,449		64,921		616,227		
	\$	13,051,357	\$	4,618,977	\$	14,843,221	\$	4,370,974

(4) Major customer information

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, details of revenue from which customers accounted for at least 10% of operating revenues in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income are as follows:

	 Years ended 1	Decen	nber 31,
	 2023		2022
	 Sales revenue		Sales revenue
Customer - Group A	\$ 10,931,597	\$	12,316,536

Loans to others

Years ended December 31, 2023

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

					Maximum outstanding balance during the nine month								Coll	ateral			
			General	Is a	period ended	Balance at	Actual			Amount of	Reason for	Allowance			Limit on loans		
			ledger	related	December 31,	<i>,</i>	amount	Interest	Nature of	transactions with	short-term	for doubtful			granted to a	Ceiling on total	
No.	Creditor	Borrower	account	party	2023	2023	drawn down	rate	loan	the borrower	financing	accounts	Item	Value	single party	loans granted	Footnote
0	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Kunshan) Inc.	Other receivables due from related parties	Y	\$ 767,750	\$ 552,780	\$ 580,860	2.80%	Business transactions	\$ 2,263,002	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 2,320,448	\$ 6,961,344	Notes 1 and 2
0	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc.	Other receivables due from related parties	Y	307,217	-	-	2.70%	Short-term financing	-	Business operation	-	-	-	\$ 4,060,784	\$ 4,640,896	Notes 4

Note 1: For the companies who have business relationship with the Company, ceiling on total loans to others shall not exceed 60% of the net assets value of the Company.

Note 2: For the companies who have business relationship with the Company, financial limit on loans granted to a single party shall not exceed the amount of business transactions occurred between the creditor and borrower.

The amount of business transactions means the higher between the actual sales and the actual purchases in the last year or in the following year and shall not exceed 20% of the net assets value of the Company.

Note 3: The total loans between the foreign companies which the parent company holds 100% of the voting rights directly or indirectly should not exceed 100% of the parent company's net assets;

the loans to a singal party shall not exceed 50% of the parent company's net assets.

Note 4: The total loans which the companies who have short-term financing with the parent company should not exceed 40% of the parent company's net assets;

the loans to a singal party shall not exceed 35% of the parent company's net assets.

Note 5: The net assets referred to above are based on the latest audited or reviewed financial statements.

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

Years ended December 31, 2023

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

		Party being end	orsed/ guaranteed		Limit on rsements/gua	er aı	Maximum outstanding ndorsement/ guarantee mount as of	en g	utstanding dorsement/ guarantee amount at			s/guarantees	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/ guarantee amount to net asset value of the	eiling on total amount of ndorsements/		Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by subsidiary to	endorsements /guarantees to the party in	
			Relationship with the	rante	ees provided	D	ecember 31,	De	ecember 31,	Ac	ctual amount	secured with	Endorser/guarantor	guarantees	company to	parent	Mainland	
No.	Endorser/guarantor	Company name	endorser/guarantor	for a	single party		2023		2023	d	lrawn down	collateral	company	 provided	subsidiary	company	China	Footnote
0	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Foxsemicon Technology, LLC.	Note 1	\$	5,801,120	\$	192,859	\$	192,859	\$	176,736	-	1.66	\$ 11,602,240	Y	Ν	Ν	Note 2
0	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	FOX AUTOMATION TECHNOLOGY INC.	Note 1		5,801,120		1,360,000		-		1,233,339	-	11.72	11,602,240	Y	Ν	Ν	Note 2
0	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	FOX AUTOMATION TECHNOLOGY INC.	Note 1		5,801,120		456,000		-		264,517	-	3.93	11,602,240	Y	Ν	Ν	Note 2
0	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Kainova Technology Inc.	Note 1		5,801,120		100,000		-		-	-	0.86	\$ 11,602,240	Y	Ν	N	Note 2

Note 1: A subsidiary that the Company and subsidiaries directly or indirectly held more than 50% equity interests of common shares.

Note 2: The ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided to others by the Company's net assets in the latest financial statement which was reviewed or audited by independent accountant.

Limit on total endorsements/guarantees provided for a single party is 50% of the Company's net assets in the latest financial statement which was reviewed or audited by independent accountant.

Note 3: Limit on endorsements and guarantees to a company of which the Company directly holds 100%, should not exceed 10% of the company's net assets in the latest financial statement which was reviewed or audited by independent accountant. Limit on endorsements and guarantees to a single party shall not exceed 80% of the company's net assets.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

Years ended December 31, 2023

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS,

EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE INDICATED)

		Relationship with	1		As of Dece	ember 31, 2023		
		the securities						
Securities held by	Marketable securities	issuer	General ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Common stock of Advanced Optoelectronic Technology, Inc.	None.	Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	3,672,000	\$ 108,691	2.54 \$	108,691	
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Common stock of ChenFull Precision Co. Ltd	None.	Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	745,000	80,833	1.26	80,833	
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Partnership of AVITIC FUND	None.	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	27,360	8.00	27,360	
MINDTECH CORPORATION	Common stock of SuperbVue Solutions Inc.	None.	Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	12,250,000	11,131	10.03	11,131	Note
MINDTECH CORPORATION	Common stock of Pollux Technologies, Inc.	None.	Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	7,350,000	49,296	11.60	49,296	Note
MINDTECH CORPORATION	Common stock of Linyange Semiconductor, Inc.	None.	Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive	4,900,000	26,503	10.03	26,503	Note
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc.	MEMS CORE Co., Ltd.	None.	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	137,754	15,983	18.00	15,983	

Note: The shareholding ratio above is agreed upon in the investment contract and the article of association of those companies. However, it is still in the period of capital injection.

Table 3

Securities acquired or sold at costs, or prices at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital during this period

Years ended December 31, 2023

Table 4

單位:仟元

(除特別註明者外)

		General		Relationship		Balance as at I	December 31, 2023	B	Buy		-	Disposal		As of Dece	mber 31, 2023
Investor	Marketable securities	ledger account	Counterparty	with the investor	Transaction currency	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Selling price	Book value (Note 5)	Gain (loss) on disposal	Number of shares	Amount
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	UniEQ Integrated Technology Co., Ltd.	Note 1	UniEQ Integrated Technology Co., Ltd.	Note 2	USD		- \$ -	16,000,000	USD 45,768 thousand	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- 16,000,000	USD 45,768 thousand
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc.	Jinan Fujie Industrial Investment Fund Partnership (limited partnership)"	Note 3	Jinan Fujie Industrial Investment Fund Partnership (limited partnership)"	-	RMB	Note 4	RMB 49,714 thousand			Note 4	RMB 89,012 thousand	RMB 89,012 thousand		-	

Note 1: Code of general ledger account is "investments accounted for under equity method".

Note 2: A subsidiary directly owned by the Company with 100% ownership. Note 3: Code of general ledger account is "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss". Note 4: The Company is a limited company and has no shares.

Note 5: The book value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is the amount evaluated at fair value, including the gain and loss of fair value evaluation.

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Years ended December 31, 2023

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

				г	ransaction		Compared to thir	d party transactions	Notes/accounts	receivable (payable)	
					Percentage of					Percentage of total	-
		Relationship with	Purchases		total purchases					notes/accounts	Footnote
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	the counterparty	(sales)	Amount	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	receivable (payable)	
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	SUCCESS PRAISE CORPORATION	Subsidiaries	Purchases	\$ 5,366,113	68	60 days from the invoice date	Note 1	No significant difference	(\$ 853,469) (62)	
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Kunshan) Inc.	Subsidiaries	Purchases	2,263,002	29	60 days from the invoice date	Note 1	No significant difference	(345,106) (25)	
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc	SUCCESS PRAISE CORPORATION	Affiliated company	Sale	5,855,383	92	45 days from the invoice date	Note 1	No significant difference	1,013,151	80	
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc	Frontier Integrated Global c. Solutions, Inc.	Affiliated company	Sale	177,838	3	45 days from the invoice date	Note 1	No significant difference	56,533	4	
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Kunshan) Inc.	Foxsemicon Integrated . Technology (Shanghai) Inc.	Affiliated company	Sale	790,960	25	45 days from the invoice date	Note 1	No significant difference	178,154	33	
SUCCESS PRAISE CORPORATION	Frontier Integrated Global Solutions, Inc.	Affiliated company	Sale	409,444	7	45 days from the invoice date	Note 1	No significant difference	77,236	8	

Note 1: If there are no similar transactions, the prices and terms were determined in accordance with mutual agreements. Otherwise, the transaction terms were similar to general transaction terms. Note 2: Opposite related party transaction is not disclosed.

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Years ended December 31, 2023

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

		Relationship with the	Bala	nce as at Decemb	oer 31,		 Overdue rec	eivables		ount collected sequent to the	Creditor Counterparty
Creditor	Counterparty	counterparty		2023		Turnover rate	 Amount	Action taken	bala	nce sheet date	doubtful
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology	Subsidiaries	\$	549,919	Note	Not applicable	\$ 75,609	Positive	\$	71,004	\$ -
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology	Subsidiaries		641,219	Note	Not applicable	425	Positive		120	-
SUCCESS PRAISE CORPORATION	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Ultimate parent		853,469		5.2	-	-		-	-
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc.	SUCCESS PRAISE CORPORATION	Affiliated company		1,013,151		5.6	137,428	Subsequent collection		137,428	-
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Kunshan) Inc.	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Ultimate parent		345,106		5.4	91,960	Subsequent collection		56,762	-
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Kunshan) Inc.	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc.	Parent company		178,154		3.6	160	Subsequent collection		160	-

Note: Receivables arose from purchasing materials on behalf of others and financing inter-related party. Financing inter-related please refer to Note 13(1).

Table 6

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

Years ended December 31, 2023

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Transaction (Note 4)

							Percentage of consolidated
Number							total operating revenues or
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	 Amount	Transaction terms	total assets (Note 3)
0	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	SUCCESS PRAISE CORPORATION	(1)	Purchases	\$ 5,366,113	45 days from the invoice date	41
0	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	SUCCESS PRAISE CORPORATION	(1)	Accounts payable	853,469	45 days from the invoice date	4
0	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc.	(1)	Other receivable	549,919	45 days from the invoice date	3
0	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Kunshan) Inc.	(1)	Purchases	2,263,002	45 days from the invoice date	17
0	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Kunshan) Inc.	(1)	Accounts payable	345,106	45 days from the invoice date	2
0	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology Inc.	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Kunshan) Inc.	(1)	Other receivable	641,219	45 days from the invoice date	3
1	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc.	SUCCESS PRAISE CORPORATION	(3)	Sales	5,855,383	45 days from the invoice date	45
1	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc.	SUCCESS PRAISE CORPORATION	(3)	Accounts receivable	1,013,151	45 days from the invoice date	5
1	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc.	Frontier Integrated Global Solutions, Inc.	(3)	Sales	177,838	45 days from the invoice date	1
2	Foxsemicon Intgrated Technology(Kunshan) Inc.	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc.	(2)	Sales	790,960	45 days from the invoice date	6
2	Foxsemicon Intgrated Technology(Kunshan) Inc.	Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc.	(2)	Accounts receivable	178,154	45 days from the invoice date	1
3	SUCCESS PRAISE CORPORATION	Frontier Integrated Global Solutions, Inc.	(3)	Sales	409,444	45 days from the invoice date	3

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1)Parent company is '0'.

(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

(1)Parent company to subsidiary.

(2)Subsidiary to parent company.

(3)Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: The disclosures are related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more only, otherwise are not disclosed.

Note 4: Percentage of total consolidated revenues or total assets is calculated using the total consolidated assets at the end of the year when the subject of transaction is an asset/liability, and is calculated by total consolidated revenues during the year when the subject of transaction is a revenue/expense. However, the transactions were eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Table 7

Information on investees

Years ended December 31, 2023

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares held	as at December 3	31 2023		recognised by the	
				Balance as at	Balance as at	Shares here	Ownership	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Net income of investee as	Company for the nine	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities			Number of shares	(%)	Book value	of December 31, 2023	month period ended	Footnote
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology	FOXSEMICON INTEGRATED	Samoa	Reinvestment and	\$ 1,253,890		40,474,913	100 \$	4,443,184	\$ 724,260	\$ 724,260	
Inc.	TECHNOLOGY INC.		holding company	, , , ,	, , , ,	-, -, -		, -, -	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology	Foxsemicon Innovations Holding	US	Reinvestment and	451,191	451,191	15,000,000	100	341,317	(86,746) (86,746)	
Inc.	Inc.		holding company								
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology	FOXSEMICON LLC.	US	Exports/Imports Logistics	1,751	1,751	50,000	100	32,322	(48) (48)	
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology	UNIEQ TECHOLOGY	Singapore	Reinvestment and	1	-	1	100	-	-	-	Note 1
Inc.	PTE.LTD		holding company								
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology	FOX AUTOMATION	Taiwan	Manufacturing of	312,573	312,573	20,000,000	100	1,022,053	206,870	206,870	
Inc.	TECHNOLOGY INC.		machinery and equipment								
			and electronic parts								
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology	Frontier Integrated Global	Taiwan	Manufacturing of	5,000	5,000	500,000	100	50,072	28,399	28,399	
Inc.	Solutions, Inc.		machinery and equipment								
			and electronic parts								
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology	Kainova Technology Inc.	Taiwan	Manufacturing of	55,000	55,000	5,500,000	100	69,492	27,851	27,851	
Inc.			machinery and equipment								
			and electronic parts								
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology	Lydus Medical Ltd.	Israel	Research, design and sale	89,790	59,560	416,310	16.21	77,818	(41,305) (6,364)	Note 1
Inc.			of medical machinery								
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology	SMART BREAST	US	Manufacturing of medical	17,643	17,643	7,890,640	17.62	-	(21,595)	-	
Inc.	CORPORATION		machinery								
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology	Corporate Venture Capital	Taiwan	Reinvestment and	22,500	22,500	2,250,000	25	18,887	(9,854) (2,464)	
Inc.	Alliance Innovation Fund		holding company								
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology	UniEQ Integrated Technology	Thiland	Manufacturing of	1,447,108	-	16,000,000	100	1,427,688	(23,393) (23,393)	
Inc.	Co., Ltd.		machinery and equipment								
		~	and electronic parts								
FOXSEMICON INTEGRATED	MINDTECH CORPORATION	Samoa	Reinvestment and	2,395,380	2,395,380	34,977,541	100	4,341,933	711,513	711,513	
TECHNOLOGY INC.		~	holding company								
FOXSEMICON INTEGRATED	SUCCESS PRISE	Samoa	Reinvestment and	116,698	116,698	3,800,000	100	101,242	12,747	12,747	
TECHNOLOGY INC.	CORPORATION		holding company	450 115	150 115	N	100	2 40 500	05.50 ()	04.50.4	
Foxsemicon Innovations Holding Inc.	Foxsemicon Technology, LLC	US	Research and	459,115	459,115	Note 2	100	340,788	(85,724) (84,724)	
			Development and manufacturing of								
			manufacturing of machinery and equipment								
			and electronic parts								
			and electronic parts								

Note 1: The Company started to recognize gain or loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method in the month of acquisition Note 2: The company is a limited company and has no shares issued.

Information on investments in Mainland China

Years ended December 31, 2023

Table 9

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

								nitted from Mainland											
					Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to	back to	Taiv	int remitted wan for the becember 31, 23	_	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to	N	let income of	Ownership held	(lo	vestment income ss) recognised by Company for the		ook value of westments in	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted	
					Mainland China	Remitted		Remitted		Mainland China as			by the Company		years ended			back to Taiwan as	
Investee in		Pa	aid-in capital			Mainlar	d	back	(of December 31,	D	December 31,	(direct or	De	ecember 31, 2023	as	of December	of December 31,	
Mainland China	Main business activities		(Note 1)	(Note 2)	31, 2023	China		to Taiwan		2023		2023	indirect)		(Note 3)		31, 2023	2023	Footnote
Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Shanghai) Inc.	Production and sales of electronic special equipment, test instruments, and industrial molds	\$	2,395,380	2	\$ 2,395,380	\$	-	\$ -	\$	\$ 2,395,380	\$	707,175	100	\$	707,175	\$	4,269,248	\$ -	
Kaivaco Technology Nanjing Inc.	Production and sales of electronic special equipment, test instruments, and industrial molds		6,117	1	6,117		-	-		6,117		117	100		117		6,541	-	

		Investment	Ceiling on
		amount approved	investments in
		by the Investment	Mainland China
	Accumulated amount of	Commission of	imposed by the
	remittance from Taiwan to	the Ministry of	Investment
	Mainland China as of	Economic Affairs	Commission of
Company name	December 31, 2023	(MOEA)	MOEA
Foxsemicon	2,395,380	3,346,513	Note 4
Integrated			
Technology Inc.			
Kainova	6,117	6,603	80,000
Technology Inc.			

Note 1: The amounts in the table are shown in New Taiwan Dollars. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into New Taiwan Dollars at the spot exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

Note 2: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

(1)Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.

(2)Invested in Mainland China thorugh the thrid party, FOXSEMICON INTERGRATED TECHNOLOGY INC.

(3)Others

Note 3:Investment income (loss) recognition is based on financial statements that are audited or reviewed by R.O.C. parent company's CPA.

Note 4: Pursuant to the amended 'Guidelines Governing the Review of Investment or Technical Cooperation in the Mainland Area' dated on August 29, 2008, as the Company has obtained the certificate of being qualified for operating headquarters, issued by the Industrial Development Bureau, MOEA, the ceiling amount of the investment in Mainland China is not applicable to the Company.

Note 5: The Company reinvested in Mainland China investees, Foxsemicon Integrated Technology (Kunshan) Inc. and Shanghai EnvoFox integrated technology limit inc. through the investing business in Mainland China investee, which were not required to file an application to the Investment Commission of Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA). However, the investing business in Mainland China is a controlling company and shall apply the reinvestment to the Investment Commission of Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA).

Major shareholders information

December 31, 2023

Table 10

		Shares
Name of major shareholders	Number of shares held (shares)	Ownership (%)
Applied Materials Taiwan Hyield Venture Capital Co.,Ltd.	8,117,258 6,953,272	8.33 7.13

Note: The major shareholders' information was derived from the data using the Company issued common shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation. The share capital which was recorded on the financial statements may be different from the actual number of shares in dematerialised form due to the difference of calculation basis.